The Oldest, Largest and Best Advertising Medium in Oneida County.

THE NEW NORTH.

The Most Widely Circulated Paper Published in Northern Wis.

VOLUME 22, NO. 6 RHINELANDER, WISCONSIN, THURSDAY, APRIL 2, 1903. TERMS—$1.50 IN ADVANCE

Confirmation Suits.

We have the largest assortment of everything you will require for confirmation at prices that no other clothing house in the country can compete with.

SPLENDID WATCH FREE

To every purchaser of a Confirmation outfit to the amount of $10.00 or over we will give free a fine watch—not a "pocket clock" but a good guaranteed watch with genuine Swiss movement.

H. LEWIS,

THE ONE-PRICE CLOTHIER.

Watch Out for Your Interest

We are going to give you some sales that will make your pocketbook laugh. We have got a double shipment of Lace Curtains and Bed Spreads, the manufacturer says, "keep them," and so we will sell them away below whole sale prices and give you the benefit of their mistake.

NEXT MONDAY, APRIL SIXTH

WE ARE GOING TO OFFER THEM FOR SALE.

Remember, next Monday, you can buy a straight $1.25 curtain, three yards long and full width for only 59 cents. $1.50 curtain for $1.00, $2 00 curtain for $1.50, $2.50 curtain for $2.00, $3.00 curtain for $2.50, and so on through the entire line. Bed spreads at a discount of 10 per cent. Buyers don't miss this chance, if you want any Curtains or Spreads. We have curtains up to $10.00 per pair. Lots of New Goods in this week and the prices are low. We did not go to Chicago for nothing.

SPAFFORD & COLE.

Don't Forget the Time and Place.

TOILET SOAPS. TOOTH BRUSHES.

TOOTH POWDERS. TOOTH PASTES.

All Kinds, All Prices, All the Best

Standard 'Grippe Preparations and Patent Medicines.

NONE BUT PURE DRUGS ARE USED IN OUR PRESCRIPTIONS.

F. E. KRETLOW, Pharmacist.

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LEWIS HARDWARE COMPANY,

RHINELANDER, WISCONSIN.

ARE TURNING THEM OUT

Rhinelander Manufacturing Co. is Doing a Good Stroke of Business at the Refrigerator Plant.

A trip thorugh the new factory buildings of the Rhinelander Manufacturing Co. will develop two ideas in the mind of the spectator, first that the old plant of the Kirk Co. has been enlarged and added to and second that the home company has an equipment that is capable of turning out splendid specimens of furniture of the cold storage type.

The factory at the present time gives employment to fifty-six men and thirty refrigerators are being turned out daily. Of the employes 90 per cent. are home men. Within six months it is expected to manufacture seventy-five of the finished refrigerators per day. New machinery of the most modern type is in use and the floor of the main building is studded with late improved wood working devices.

The lumber used, mostly birch, elm, maple and oak, is shipped in to the factory and goes direct to the new National dry kiln which has a capacity of 70,000 feet. After being dried the lumber goes direct to the different machines and is worked up. Many of the new machines embody the latest improvements and do work that a few years ago would have had to be done by hand.

Three new buildings were erected, a paint shop, finishing room and warehouse in addition to the old buildings. Light is furnished by a separate engine and dynamo in the engine room, the lights being independent of the city station.

The plant is under the general management of Frank E. Parker, the heads of the departments being as follows:

Joseph Bruns, of Fond du Lac, superintendent, formerly with the Brown Mfg. Co.

C. W. Jaeger, of Fond du Lac, foreman of the cabinet department, formerly with the Gurney Co.

F. Wickert, of Fond du Lac, foreman of the tin shop.

Henry Sohr, of Fond du Lac, foreman of the paint shop.

R. Mead, of Fond du Lac, foreman of the finishing and packing departments.

J. Hickey, of Rhinelander, foreman of the yard.

O. N. Roy, of Fond du Lac, millwright.

A. La Pres, of Rhinelander, engineer.

E. J. Yapp, bookkeeper.

The first refrigerator turned out was bought by El. Forbes of the Rhinelander Lighting Co. The first consignment for general sale was purchased by the Dunn & Wood Hardware Co. of this city.

The refrigerators are handsomely finished and embody all the late improvements. The polish put on some of the woods is wonderful and the effect is very pleasing to the eye.

Several of the different styles were shipped to Milwaukee today for inspection.

Town of Pelican Caucus.

A large number of the electors of the town of Pelican gathered at the town hall last Saturday and framed a ticket. There evidently was a misunderstanding regarding the date of the caucus for there will be another one held this week Saturday and a different set of officers nominated.

As usual there are two factions in the town, although party lines are not drawn, and the contest will be decidedly spirited.

The ticket nominated Saturday is as follows:

Chairman—Wm. Hardell.

Supervisors—Luke Chagnon and Chas. Derauter.

Clerk—L. F. Klenke.

Treasurer—Robert Luethy.

Assessor—Sid. Welch.

Justice of the Peace—L. F. Klenke.

Constable—Frank Koch.

Gideon's Minstrels.

Lovers of a good minstrel show, will soon have the opportunity of attending Gideon's Big Minstrels, which are booked to appear at the opera house Saturday afternoon and evening April 4th.

Thirty five royal colored minstrel entertainers are promised to appear, and fun riot will run through the entire lengthy program of varied acts, declared to be big hits, every one of them.

The big daily novelty street parade at noon is emblematic of the mammoth proportions of this organization.

Badgers to Give Dancing Party.

A meeting of the Badger club, a popular boy's social organization was held last Monday evening for the purpose of fixing the date for their second annual dancing party. It was decided to give the affair the first Friday after Easter at Gilligan's hall. Various committees were appointed who will have charge the party. About seventy-five invitations will be issued. The dance given by the Badgers last year proved a great success so much so that they decided to give another.

Died This Morning.

Little Loretta Walsh died this morning, after a long illness with tuberculosis, at the home of her grandparents, Mrs. and Mrs. Thomas O'Hare on the south side. The little girl has been a sufferer with the disease for the past two years. Specialists have been consulted but all of whom have pronounced her case as hopeless and that death was only a question of time. She was a patient little one and bore up under her sufferings with remarkable endurance. Until a short time ago she attended St. Mary's parochial school, was bright and a favorite with the teachers and scholars. Her taking away while not unexpected is sadly felt by all. The body will be taken to Portage and interred beside the remains of her parents.

A Famous Magician Coming.

Professor Helms, the great magician and juggler, who has given thousands of performances and entertainments before the millions of people all over the civilized world, will appear in two performances at the opera house April 6th and 7th. Professor Helms presents the new school of high-class magic, originated and perfected by himself at a great expense. His two hours program consists of magic, mystery, marvel and mirth; spiritualistic phenomena, illusions and marvelous feats of juggling. His work is all new, original and refined. He has traveled with Mrs. Tom Thumb, Hermann and Kellar. Prices 15 cents for children, 25 cents for adults.

NOW FOR A PAPER MILL.

Hydraulic Engineers Visit Rhinelander and Submit Report Regarding Water and Paper and Pulp Mill.

C. E. Pride of Appleton, hydraulic engineer and one of the best known authorities in the country on water power plants and paper mill equipments, was in the city Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday making detailed surveys of the water power here and drawing plans and estimates for a pulp and paper mill plant.

Mr. Pride was accompanied by two assistants who aided in making the survey necessary and everything connected with the work of harnessing the water, the power to be developed, the site for the mills, etc., was carefully gone over.

Upon the favorable character of the report submitted will depend the action of the power and mill promoters. The probabilities are that a company will be organized with almost entire home capital if the report is satisfactory and that a first-class paper mill will be erected with ample power to operate it. The mill will employ a large number of hands and the work of developing the power necessary to operate it will require the united labor of many men.

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS.

Recorded With the Register of Deeds for Week Ending Tuesday, March 31.

Following are the real estate transfers in Oneida County for the week ending Tuesday, March 31, as recorded in the office of the register of deeds:

Antone Carlson to Charles Chafee, Lands in Sec. 32, Tp. 37 N, R. 9 ..... $316.66

J. M. Harrigan to John Norman, Lot 2, Sec. 26, Tp. 38 N, R. 9 ..... $100.00

Mary Johnson to John Phillip Kowell, Lot 7 in Steiner's subdivision village of Three Lakes ..... $ 35.00

E. N. Moran to Henry Heys, Lands in Sec. 14, Tp. 36 N, R. 10 ..... $250.00

Charles Chafee to John Barnes and Mable Recker, Lands in Sec. 32, Tp. 37 N, R. 9 ..... $950.00

Lake Region Land Co. to Michael Halloran, Lands in Sec. 25, Tp. 36 N, R. 10 ..... $160.00

Mary Steiger, Caroline H. Reimer and Kate Fier to Henry S. Waite, Lot 10, Sec. 11, Tp. 39, R. 8 ..... $ 50.00

J. M. Gray and Leander Choate to Kate Fier, Lands in Sec. 34 26, Tp. 38, R. 4; Lands in Sec. 19-20, Tp. 37, R. 6; Lands in Sec. 31, Tp. 37, R. 8; Lands in Sec. 19-30, Tp. 38, R. 8; Lands in Sec. 17, Tp. 39, R. 8 ..... $ 1.00

W. Zanacky to E. Zolbricks, Lands in Sec. 18, Tp. 39, R. 11 ..... $ 1.00

T. B. Scott Lumber Co. to Kate Fier, Lands in Sec. 31-30-29 all in Tp. 37 N, R. 6, also lands in Sec. 25, Tp. 37 N, R. 5 ..... $ 1.00

Display of Fine Millinery.

The line of handsomely trimmed hats for ladies, (matrons and maids) displayed at the store of Mrs. Clara O'Brien is a revelation to many and is resulting in a very liberal run of patronage. The hats are all of the very latest patterns and are very tastefully displayed. An expert trimmer from Chicago has charge of the work. Call and see the rich black pattern hats, also the trimmed creations for the young ladies.

Horse Pasture.

To whom this may concern:

Having purchased the Langley & Alderson farm which is fenced with woven wire and abundantly watered I am prepared to pasture one hundred horses from May 1st to Oct. 1st, 1903. For terms address,

G. W. BAKER,
Merrill, Wis.
R. F. D. No. 2. 2t-a2-9

DEATH OF E. S. ANDERSON

Former Rhinelander Man Commits Suicide at Wausau By Shooting Himself Through The Head.

El. S. Anderson, an employe of the Murray Manufacturing Co. at Wausau, committed suicide Friday evening by shooting himself in the right temple with a revolver. There was no witness to the tragedy.

The body of Mr. Anderson was discovered by two boys. The little fellows had wandered down to the river bank to see the sights, and while there they discovered a man lying on the steps of the band hall, his face covered with blood. The sight of the man frightened the boys and they hastened to their homes and gave the alarm.

The police department and coroner's office were notified. The coroner being out of town a justice was summoned. He ordered the body taken to the undertaking rooms, where an examination was made. It was found that the bullet entered the right temple, ranging downward, lodging somewhere in his neck or throat. Death was unquestionably instantaneous.

Mr. Anderson was a very industrious man, and enjoyed the respect and confidence of all who knew him. Sometime last summer he was taken seriously ill, and for a time was mentally unbalanced. Last August his friends had him committed to the Northern hospital for the insane, at Oshkosh. Soon after reaching the asylum his mental faculties seemed to be fully restored and he was discharged as cured. He returned to Wausau about Christmas time and shortly after resumed his old position with the D. J. Murray Manufacturing Company, where he continued to work until yesterday noon.

The coroner's jury met at the undertaker's and viewed the body, after which they repaired to the scene of the tragedy. They again returned and after a brief session brought in a verdict that deceased came to his death by a gunshot wound in the right side of his head, inflicted by himself. The jury further found that deceased was insane.

Judge is Laid Up.

Judge Silverthorne came up from Wausau Sunday morning but was obliged to return to his home almost immediately owing to a sprained ankle which swelled up so that he was unable to be around. The judge was riding horseback a short time previous to his coming here and in getting off from the animal he turned his ankle. The injury at the time did not appear to be serious but developed later in rapid shape. The judge had to be assisted into the 'bus when he went to the train on the way to his home. He will be laid up for some time.

Cleaning Time Is Here.

Now that we have bid adieu to the severity of winter and that spring is here to stay, it is time steps be taken toward the cleaning up of yards. All the rubbish and filth which has accumulated during the winter in the yards about the city should be removed and properly disposed of. If this work be put off until the approach of summer the result would be dangerous to the good health of the city. Such rot breeds disease germs of the most unhealthy variety.

The condition of the streets and alleys are also to be commented upon as they present an appearance which is altogether too dirty for those of a clean city. Therefore let the cleaning process be commenced before the health authorities take the matter in hand and compel the action.

Sells Land to Settlers.

E. S. Shepard recently sold to parties in Iowa and Minnesota about 1000 acres of cut-over lands to actual settlers, some of whom are now beginning to build on and improve the lands. The prices of these lands have increased about 100 per cent. during the last year. There is not a forty acre tract of dry land in Oneida county but that will help to make a farm, as grasses grow fine. Shepard says that everything can be raised here successfully that can be expected to thrive in this latitude except pumpkins. The ground is so rich and the vines grow so fast that it wears the young pumpkins out dragging them around in the phosphate gravel.

Matt. Stapleton Returns.

Matt Stapleton returned Monday from a trip through the southern states where he went in company with N. A. Coleman of Eagle River several weeks ago. Most of the time was spent in the timber section of Florida and we understand that the gentlemen made some large purchases of woodlands during their absence. Matt had a very interesting trip and brings back many tales of the country.

A new shoe shop has been started in the Martin block just south of the North-western depot, by W. H. Dawes. Give him a call.

Visited Idaho and Washington.

John Didier returned home Friday from a lengthy tour in the western states, namely Idaho and Washington. He is not very favorably impressed with that section and says that in his opinion Wisconsin is the better country, by far, in which to live. During his travels he ran across several former Rhinelander people, all of whom appear to be doing nicely. While in Coeur D'Alene he saw Pat Brennan and Will Ashton. Pat is engaged in the insurance business and is also justice-of-the-peace. Will is the owner of a neat furniture store and reports business as good. John Gilligan and Charley Vaughan are located on a timber claim a few miles from Coeur D'Alene and John would have visited them but for the fact that the journey would have to had been made on burrows and that eight hours time would not have covered the trip. He says that Seattle and Everett are fine enterprising cities with a population which is ever increasing but that he is not thinking of locating in either of them as was reported.

Fighting Men Rounded Up.

Two drunken woodsmen created a disturbance at the North-Western depot last Saturday afternoon which made things appear livly for the time being. The men were arrivals on the north bound passenger train. On the way to this city they had trouble with the trainmen which, after they alighted, resulted in a hand to hand battle. Both men were strappers and for a time the train crew were getting a little the worst of it. Chief Matteson was on hand and with the assistance of bystanders succeeded in getting the two men under control and to the lock-up. They did not come out of the mix up unharmed, however, and on the way to the jail bled badly about their faces as the result of well directed blows. Later the men were arraigned in municipal court and each fined five dollars and costs for disturbing the peace.

Brain-Food Nonsense.

Another ridiculous food fad has been branded by the most competent authorities. They have dispelled the silly notion that one kind of food is needed for brain, another for muscles, and still another for bones. A correct diet will not only nourish a particular part of the body, but it will sustain every other part. Yet however good your food may be, its nutriment is destroyed by indigestion or dyspepsia. You must prepare for their appearance or prevent their coming by taking regular doses of Green's August Flower, the favorite medicine of the healthy millions. A few doses aids digestion, stimulates the liver to healthy action, purifies the blood, and makes you feel buoyant and vigorous. You can get this reliable remedy at J. J. Reardon's. Price 25c and 75c.

Notice to the Public.

"It has been reported that Mr. Theo. L. Tibbs, who recently resigned his position as night operator at the "Soo" Station, appropriated a ticket to Toronto, Ont., on the night he left for that city, which is his home. I do not know who circulated this report but wish to say for the information of his friends, and his own vindication, that the report is false in every particular, and that Mr. Tibbs left the employ of this company with a clear record as far as this office is concerned.

E. F. TOMPKINS,
a2-2t Agent, "Soo Line.

Elks Elect Officers.

At the meeting of Rhinelander Lodge No. 598, B. P. O. E., last week the following officers were elected for the ensuing year:

E. R.—N. T. Baldwin.
E. Leading K.—W. T. Stevens.
E. Lecturing K.—D. H. Walker.
E. Loyal K.—Arthur Taylor.
Secretary—C. A. Wixson.
Treasurer—W. E. Ashton.
Trustee for 3 years—E. G. Squier.

Dr. T. R. Welch, the retiring Exalted Ruler, was elected to represent the order at the Grand Lodge meeting to be held this summer at Baltimore, Maryland.

A Cooking Exhibition.

A representative of the company which manufactures the Majestic Steel Range is at the Lewis Hardware Co.'s store this week giving cooking exhibitions and displaying the different workings of this range. He shows how biscuits can be baked and browned from top to bottom in three minutes time. During each afternoon warm biscuits and coffee are served. The ladies are interested in the work and throng the store each day.

President Roosevelt At St. Paul and Minneapolis April 6th.

One fare for the round trip via the Soo Line April 3rd and for train 7 and 106 arriving in the Twin Cities morning of April 4th from Stations Rhinelander, Wis., to Hankinson, N. D. Return limit April 6th. Ask nearest Soo Line agent for particulars.

NEW NORTH.

RHINELANDER PRINTING COMPANY

RHINELANDER. • WISCONSIN

1903			APRIL			1903
SUN.	MON.	TUE.	WED.	THU.	FRI.	SAT.
....	....	....	1	2	3	4
5	6	7	8	9	10	11
12	13	14	15	16	17	18
19	20	21	22	23	24	25
26	27	28	29	30	....	....
....	....	....	....	....	....	....

The Methodists are very prominent these days. They raised their twentieth century fund, and now they report that one-fourth of the states in the union have Methodist governors.

A St. Louis judge has ruled that hereafter children will not be allowed to hear the testimony of their parents in divorce trials. Thus one by one are innocent and ennobling pleasures of childhood being tabooed.

The man who predicts what is to happen in the next century is always safe. Nobody feels like disputing with him while he lives, and nobody will take the trouble to dispute his predictions after he is dead.

Connecticut figures up the direct cost of crime in that state to be $2,167,000 a year, in addition to the $2,270,000 invested in prisons and reformatory institutions. Crime is a big leak in every state and its prevention deserves to be studied more closely and practically.

Two fools are planning to cross Niagara falls, one hanging by his teeth to a strap attached to a roller on a wire stretched over the water, the other in a chair tied to the back of the first man. The fool killer will undoubtedly be present on the occasion; certainly he ought to be.

"Advertising pays" has come to be an axiom of modern business methods. The business man who tries to be successful without it is tempting fate instead of fortune. The American nation to-day is recognized abroad as the greatest industrial and commercial proposition in the world—and the American nation spends $250,000,000 annually in advertising its business.

The Pennsylvania railroad has prohibited the playing of cards or drinking of liquors on its trains by passengers, and other roads are likely to follow its example. As most of the people who travel neither gamble nor drink on trains the order will affect comparatively few, but these will make noise enough for a host because their "constitutional rights" are curtailed.

The postmaster at Keokea, island of Maui, Hawaii, has resigned, and the fourth assistant postmaster general has been unable to find anyone who will take the place. The salary is two dollars a year. The retiring official, David Kaphokeakimohkeweonah, is a lineal descendant of the great King Kalitapokamikokiweatoha, who, according to tradition, was "very fond of missionaries" and partook of a good many.

United States Consul Cunningham, at Aden, Arabia, complained that the post was too hot for him, and he has been transferred to Bergen, Norway. The state department says it did not intend to be ironical when it transferred Consul Cunningham from a Turkish bath to a packing-house refrigerator, as it were, but that it gave him the first vacant place of equal rank. If the state department was ever known to joke this explanation might be questioned.

The old catalpa tree which is a feature of Gray's Inn gardens, in the heart of London, and which was taken from Virginia by Sir Walter Raleigh to be planted in its present position by Queen Elizabeth, is reported to be dying. Queen Elizabeth was prevented by illness from planting the tree herself, and she ordered Sir Francis Bacon to take her place. As Raleigh named Virginia after his sovereign in 1585 the tree which he transplanted is well over three centuries old.

Another loss to religion and to literature is incurred through the death in London of Very Rev. Frederic William Farrar, dean of Canterbury, England. Dean Farrar was nearly 72 years old and had filled a very high place in the esteem of his fellow-men. He was a noted scholar, educator and preacher. His writings were numerous, and he had been popular as a lecturer in this country as well as at home. His sermons were noted for simplicity and power, and his whole life and character were the expression of lofty principle and worthy purpose.

There appears to be official assurance at last that Mrs. Maybrick will be liberated next year. She will then have served nearly 14 years in prison in London. Public opinion is divided now, as it was when she was tried, as to her innocence, but heretofore it has been a difficult matter for her friends to convince the British home office that there could be any reasonable doubt of her guilt. Whether it has been moved to clemency by the discovery of new evidence, or whether it feels Mrs. Maybrick has been punished sufficiently, is not known.

Statistics show that the number of savings banks in the United States increased from 517 in 1870 to 1,036 in 1902, the number of depositors from 1,630,846 to 6,666,672 and the deposits from $549,874,358 to $2,750,177,290. The United States has over 29 per cent. of the savings deposits of the entire world and has a higher average in individual accounts than any other country, though it stands fourth in number of depositors. The average savings deposits in Great Britain is $59.21, in France $77.20, in Germany $139.23 and in the United States $412.53.

A WEEK'S HISTORY

The Important Happenings of a Week Briefly Told.

IN ALL PARTS OF THE UNION

All the Latest News of Interest from Washington, From the East, the West and the South.

THE LATEST FOREIGN DISPATCHES

FROM WASHINGTON.

In the post office department at Washington a shake-up is promised, the resignation of George W. Beavers being described as a forerunner of several other resignations or dismissals.

Gen. Leonard Wood has been relieved from further duty in connection with the government of Cuba.

By a revision of the civil service rules, to take effect April 15, the classified service is extended to all positions which are subject to classification under the civil service act.

The alleged post office supply contract conspiracy is now under investigation by six inspectors in Washington. The ring apparently has existed for years while certain officials have grown rich off small salaries.

The abolishment of excess fares on fast trains may be forced by the Elkins law.

The secretary of the treasury announces that he will resume the refunding of old bonds with new two per cents. This is expected to increase the circulation $250,000,000.

James N. Tyner, assistant attorney general for the post office department, has resigned, to take effect on the appointment of his successor.

THE EAST.

At Dannemora prison "Whitey" Sullivan was electrocuted for the murder of Matthew Wilson at Cobleskill, N. Y., November 26, 1900.

Control of the New York Central railway has, it is said, passed to the Morgan-Rockefeller-Pennsylvania combination.

The president has made application for membership in the Oyster Bay (L. I.) board of trade.

The authorities at Buffalo do not believe Pennell killed Burdick, but that a woman, who is alleged to have had a strong motive, committed the crime.

The death of Uriah H. Crosby, a pioneer Chicago resident and builder of the Crosby opera house, occurred at Brewster, Mass., aged 72 years.

Flames which broke out in the Hayden building at Rochester, N. Y., resulted in damage of $200,000, which is divided among several concerns.

In New York Isaac R. Price celebrated his one hundred and first birthday. He has only been out of the city once in his long life.

Officials of the New Jersey Traction company, including A. J. Cassatt, president, have been indicted in Newark, N. J., for a railway accident in which nine high school girls were killed.

In Buffalo the Burdick inquest closed without disclosing the identity of the murderer. The verdict will be withheld until finding of inquest on Arthur R. Pennell and his wife is rendered.

It was voted by the Lowell (Mass.) Textile council to strike because ten per cent. wage increase is refused. Seven plants and 15,000 employes are involved.

P. J. Cogan shot and killed his wife and then himself at the Baltimore & Ohio depot at Hynman, Pa.

WEST AND SOUTH.

In a speech at Detroit, Mich., Senator Tillman, of South Carolina, alluded to Sherman's army as "bummers, chicken thieves and carpet-baggers" and was violently hissed.

Burglars raided Plainville, Ind., robbing the post office, depots and three stores.

At the University of Michigan hazing continues, and it is said at least 60 students have been shorn of their locks.

The seven packing concerns purchased last summer by Armour-Swift-Morris interests have been merged in the National Packing company, with $15,000,000 capital.

Judge Kohlsaat has issued a temporary injunction in the federal court at Chicago against Indiana coal men, to restrain their combination.

The western railroads are engaged in a bitter struggle for the government mail carrying contract between Chicago and Kansas City.

Gen. Thomas Stewart, commander in chief, in addressing grand army men at New Orleans, Mo., said prejudice was rapidly dying out in both north and south.

In Chicago 500 factories are closed and 5,000 men are made idle by strikes for increased pay and better conditions.

W. B. Byers, a Colorado pioneer and founder of the Rocky Mountain News, the first daily newspaper published in Denver, died in that city, aged 72 years.

F. M. Steinhart, of Illinois, will succeed William A. Rublee, of Wisconsin, as consul general at Havana.

Robbers broke into the safe in the post office at Fairport, O., and secured about $500 in stamps.

G. D. Haworth, who invented the corn planter, wheat drills and other agricultural implements, died in Decatur, Ill., aged 70 years.

Margaret O'Day, of Chicago, was killed by a bullet from a rifle which Miss Nellie O'Day, her niece, accidentally fired.

Two young sons of J. Y. Johnson died at Glenwood, Ia., as the result of eating the roots of an unknown plant growing in the yard.

In Madison, Ind., John V. Connolly, a noted horseman, was thrown to the street by the horse he was riding and killed.

At a meeting of the trustees of the Drake university in Des Moines, Ia., ex-Gov. Drake, the founder, announced donations aggregating $150,000.

At Rasia, I. T., Francis Hare and wife were assassinated, each being shot in the breast. Hare was a political leader among the Chickasaws.

Luther Owen, Walter Chism and Jennie George were drowned near Caruthersville, Mo., by the upsetting of a canoe.

The car building plant of the Pennsylvania railroad at Fort Wayne, Ind., suffered $100,000 loss by fire.

The legislature of Missouri before adjourning made appropriations amounting to $6,463,022.

The plants of the American Cycle company and the India Rubber company at Akron, O., were destroyed by fire, the loss being $250,000.

FOREIGN INTELLIGENCE.

In Paris Maj. Gen. Sir Hector Macdonald, British military commander at Ceylon and Boer war hero, committed suicide in a hotel while en route to face court-martial for immoral conduct.

President Castro read his special message to the Venezuelan congress and withdrew his resignation of the presidency.

An Irish land bill introduced in the British commons provides a loan of $750,000,000 by the British government to enable tenants to purchase their holdings.

Fire destroyed the Toronto (Ont.) opera house, the estimated loss being $150,000.

The citizens of San Juan, Porto Rico, gave Miss Alice Roosevelt a grand reception in the theater.

James McLellan, William Nicholl, Hugh McCallum and H. Bolton were drowned in Bass lake, near Owen Sound, Ont., while fishing.

The richest religious order in France, the Carthusian monks, have been refused permission to remain in the republic.

Dispatches say the revolution which broke out in Nicaragua is rapidly being suppressed and the government is confident of restoring order soon.

LATER NEWS.

Disquieting reports have reached Washington concerning the Panama canal treaty in the Colombian congress. It is learned beyond doubt that the two last ministers from Colombia to the United States, Dr. Concha and Dr. Silva, are now in Bogota laying plans to defeat the treaty.

The wholesale millinery store of Lyman Bros., Cedar Rapids, Ia., was robbed of $4,000 worth of silks by robbers, who entered through the skylight.

The fruit growers and shippers of southern California have formed a co-operative combination.

Herr Mezger, the German consul at Caracas, Venezuela, accidentally killed himself.

Two companies of Macabebe scouts signally defeated the main body of San Miguel's force near Mariquina. It is believed San Miguel was killed. Lieutenant Reese was seriously wounded. The scouts lost forty-five men killed and eleven wounded.

While galloping through the forest, the empress of Germany was thrown from her horse and had her left arm broken.

Andrew Carnegie has added $1,500,000 to his library donations at Pittsburg.

The 250 shingle mills in western Washington threaten to close down on account of the collapse of the market.

Three sailors who deserted from the sealing schooner Triumph at Bamfield's Creek are lost somewhere in the forests between that point and Victoria, B.C., the deserters having essayed to walk to Victoria.

A team backed off a bridge at Hawarden, Ia., killing Mrs. Schaber.

Two hundred Polish girls in the handkerchief factory of Heller & Long, Passaic, N. J., struck without giving any reason.

Will Dorsey, colored was hanged at at Birmingham, Ala., for highway robbery.

A passenger train was derailed near Thompson, Ill., and twenty persons were injured. The two rear coaches and a Pullman sleeper were turned over and caught fire.

Two hundred Irishmen, whose feelings had been outraged by the performance of "McFadden's Row of Flats," in New York, rose in their seats in the theater at a signal and pelted the performers with rotten eggs.

Major General MacArthur has been assigned to the Pacific coast command.

L. B. King, postmaster and editor at Neillsville, Wis., was publicly horsewhipped by Dr. J. H. Brooks.

James S. Harlan, attorney general of Porto Rico, has resigned.

European brokers have raised the price of diamonds 5 per cent.

A vein of good anthracite coal was discovered near Havre, Mont.

The report that San Miguel, the Filipino leader, was killed in the fight near Mariquina, is confirmed. His body has been identified and delivered to his relatives for burial.

Robbers dynamited the safe in the postoffice at Lake Mills, Ia., securing several hundred dollars.

Gustavus F. Swift, president of the Swift packing company died at his home in Chicago from hemorrhages resulting from a surgical operation.

Robbers took $1,500 from the safe of Reed & Woodbury, Springfield, Mass.

During March 65,000 immigrants landed at New York.

Baron Whitnall, the Belgian minister to England is dead.

A great strike riot, accompanied by much bloodshed occurred at the town of Slatousk, in the government of Oufa, Russia, in the Ural mountains. Twenty-eight persons were killed and fifty others were wounded.

In preference to fighting the unions at Lowell, Mass., the agents of seven big cotton mills ordered a suspension of work for an indefinite period.

The treaty of reciprocity between Cuba and the United States, as amended by the senate of the United States, was approved in the Cuban senate.

Near La Costa, Tex., two passenger trains collided, injuring 19 persons and killing three Mexicans. Fire destroyed the wreck.

TWIN CITY MARKETS.

Minneapolis, March 28.

Wheat—No. 1 northern, 75c; No. 2 northern, 74c; May 72½c. Oats—No. 3 white, 32c. Corn—No. 3, 38c. Rye—No. 2, 45c. Barley—No. 2, 49c. Flax—$1.10. Butter—Creamery, extras, 24@25c; creamery, firsts, 23@24c; dairy, fancy, 20@21c. Poultry—Turkeys, 16@9c; chickens, 7@8c. Hay—Upland, fancy, $8.50.

St. Paul, March 28.

Cattle—Steers, $4.00@4.25; cows, $3.00@4.00. Hogs — $6.90@7.25. Sheep—muttons, $5.00; lambs, $6.01.

WILL REFUND BONDS.

Secretary Shaw Announces Plan to Avert Possible Money Stringency.

Washington, March 27.—The secretary of the treasury on Thursday published a circular announcing that, on and after April 1, 1903, he will receive for refunding, under authority of section 11 of the act of March 14, 1900, to an amount not exceeding $100,000,000, any of the bonds of the three per cent. loan of 1908-1918 and the four per cent. funded loan of 1907. They may be surrendered at prices yielding to the investor an income of 2¼ per cent. per annum, and the new bonds will be issued in exchange at a premium of two per cent. Accrued interest on both old and new bonds will be calculated to date of exchange.

There are now outstanding about $97,000,000 three per cent. bonds and $233,000,000 fours of 1907 which are affected by the circular issued Wednesday. There are also outstanding about $446,000,000 of the two per cent. consols of 1930 issued under the act of March 14, 1900. These two per cent. bonds were issued in 1900 at par, under provisions of the refunding act. If the new bonds were to be issued now at par there would be a profit to the owners of the bonds, taking the present market valuation as a basis, of about four per cent. for the three per cent. bonds surrendered and about 5½ per cent. for the fours of 1907. The secretary desires to obtain an equitable share of this profit for the government, which is the reason for charging a premium of two per cent. upon the new bonds to be issued.

SIX MINERS ARE KILLED.

Terrible Explosion of Gas in Colliery at Athens, Menard County, Ill.

Springfield, Ill., March 24. — A terrible explosion of gas in a mine of the Athens Coal company, at Athens, Menard county, 20 miles north of Springfield, Monday, resulted in the death of six men and one being seriously injured. The dead are:

John Rogers, Fred Impke, S. Gorndorf, James Patrick, August Noel, David Myers.

Injured: Carl Joerjnich.

An entry in the mine has been for some time stopped up on account of gas, and Monday morning an attempt was made to open it by drilling another entry, in order to allow air to enter, and gas to escape. While engaged in this work a miner fired through the stopped-up chamber, causing a terrific explosion of gas, which accumulated in the chamber. Nine men were in the mine at the time, and as a result six were killed outright, and Joerjnich badly injured. Two men escaped. Some of the men killed were 100 feet away from where the explosion occurred

SIX MEN DROWN.

Four Commercial Travelers and Two Negroes Meet Death in Flood in Arkansas.

Memphis, Tenn., March 25.—J. R. Hood, an employe of an Arkansas sawmill, returned from the flooded district of Arkansas Tuesday morning and reports that while at Gavin, a station on the 'Frisco railroad Saturday afternoon, he saw a skiff containing four drummers and two negro oarsmen swept under the track of the railroad in a stiff current. The boat was overturned, all six of the occupants were drowned. Mr. Hood does not know the names of the traveling men, but says they had employed the negroes to row them across the submerged territory to Mound City, Ark., where they intended to take a steamboat for Memphis.

Many Killed in Riot.

Port of Spain, Trinidad, March 25.—Twelve natives were killed and 60 wounded, many of them noncombatants and women, during Monday's rioting. The government building was entirely destroyed by the rioters and the police barracks was damaged by fire and water. All the government records in the colonial secretary's office, the courthouse, the crown lands and other departments were destroyed.

Death of N. K. Fairbank.

Chicago, March 28.—Nathaniel K. Fairbank, founder of the N. K. Fairbank company and the Fairbank Canning company, and long one of Chicago's most prominent business men, died at his home, 1801 Michigan avenue, after a brief illness, aged 73 years. Mr. Fairbank had been a resident of Chicago for nearly half a century. His work in charitable lines is as well known as in business. He is survived by seven children.

Gen. Wood Relieved.

Washington, March 26.—Secretary Root has issued an order relieving Gen. Leonard Wood from further duty in connection with the government of Cuba, Gen. Wood having completed his report of the military occupation of the island. The secretary praises Gen. Wood for the efficient manner in which he conducted the affairs of the island and thanks him in the name of the president.

Labor Troubles in Massachusetts.

Boston, March 28.—In the last three months the state of Massachusetts has passed through a period of strikes, agitations and suspense that is almost unprecedented. Many disputes have come up within a few weeks, some of which have not reached a settlement yet, but many more are in store for the immediate future.

Accidentally Killed.

Caracas, March 28.—A dispatch received here from Carupano announces that Herr Merger, the German consul there, has accidentally killed himself.

Will Visit Scotland.

London, March 27.—It is officially announced that the king, accompanied by Queen Alexandra, will make a visit to Scotland in May. Their majesties will arrive at Dalkeith palace, the seat of the duke of Buccleuch, six miles from Edinburgh, May 11 and will remain until May 15.

Peace Agreement Ratified.

Montevideo, Uruguay, March 28.—An assembly of the chiefs of the revolution just ended has ratified and acclaimed the peace convention which was signed with the government last Monday.

IRISH LAND BILL.

Measure for the Relief of Tenants Introduced in British House of Commons.

London, March 26.—The Irish secretary, Mr. Wyndham, introduced the government's long anticipated Irish land bill in the house of commons Wednesday afternoon. It proposes a free grant of $60,000,000 for the purposes of the bill. Tenants are to pay 3¼ per cent. interest on loans from the government. Mr. Wyndham said he thought the scheme would not involve $560,000,000, but that $750,000,000 could safely be advanced on Irish land. The advances to tenants are limited to $2,500 in the congested districts and $5,000 elsewhere. The bill also provides that untenanted farms and grazing lands shall be sold to neighboring tenants and that three commissioners, to be known as estate commissioners, shall supervise the sales. The names of the three commissioners are Michael Finucane, secretary to the government of Bengal revenue, general and statistical department; Frederick S. Wrench, now one of the Irish land commissioners, and William F. Bagley, one of the assistant commissioners on the Irish land question. They will be under the control of the lord lieutenant of Ireland. The bill will become effective November 12.

TO BE FREED NEXT YEAR.

Mrs. Maybrick, the American Woman, Will Be Released from English Prison in 1904.

London, March 24.—Mrs. Florence Maybrick, the American woman who was convicted at Liverpool in 1889 on the charge of poisoning her husband, James Maybrick, by arsenic, and whose sentence of death was commuted to penal servitude for life, will be released in 1904.

The announcement comes from the home office, which now authorizes her Washington lawyers to use the fact of her release next year as a reason for securing the postponement of the trial of the lawsuits bearing on the prisoner's interest in land in Kentucky, Virginia and West Virginia, until she is able to personally testify.

Those who are in a position to know say that Home Secretary Akers-Douglas has shown great courtesy in connection with the suits now pending in America, that the decision to release Mrs. Maybrick was entirely due to efforts on this side of the Atlantic, and that Ambassador Herbert has never been called upon to act in this matter.

TOOK HIS OWN LIFE.

Gen. MacDonald, Commander of the British Forces in Ceylon, Commits Suicide in Paris.

Paris, March 26.—Maj. Gen. Hector MacDonald, commanding the British forces in Ceylon, and one of the foremost officers in the British army, against whom charges based on immoral acts were filed some time ago, committed suicide Wednesday at the Hotel Regina here.

London, March 25.—The tragic end of "Fighting Mac," who, the son of a highland cottar, rose from a position of a draper's assistant to be an honored general in the British army, has caused great surprise and deep sorrow in London.

Gen. MacDonald was regarded as one of Britain's great soldiers. He rose from the ranks in the Gordon highlanders to his present position and the service list shows no more honorable war record than that of MacDonald, while few officers possess more hard-won decorations. He was extremely popular in the army and in civil life.

Look Out for It.

Washington, March 25.—The secret service division of the treasury department has received a new counterfeit two dollar silver certificate, series 1899, check letter "C," Lyons, register; Roberts, treasurer. The counterfeit seems to have been printed from photo-etched plates on two pieces of stiff paper with silk threads between. On the back of the note the word certificate is spelled "certificate," public is spelled "purlic," when "wden," and may "mai." The thickness of the paper should immediately attract attention.

A Proposed Combine.

Muncie, Ind., March 28.—It is announced here that a combination is forming to take in the rolling mills of the middle west, and that Muncie is to be the headquarters of the concern. All factories manufacturing bar iron in Michigan, Indiana, Ohio, Wisconsin and Missouri, including mills in Muncie, Chicago, Muskegon, Milwaukee and St. Louis, are named.

Classified Service Larger.

Washington, March 26.—Under a revision of the civil-service rules to take effect April 15, the classified service is extended to all positions which are subject to classification under the civil-service act. The classified service hereafter will embrace all places which are not for mere laborers or workmen or are not subject to confirmation by the senate.

Will Make Strong Fight.

Minneapolis, Minn., March 28.—The attorneys for former Mayor Ames have decided to fight every inch of the way in the courts. They have withdrawn all the pleas of not guilty to all the indictments against him, and have filed notice of a motion to quash each one, which will be heard on April 2.

Bulgarian Cabinet Resigns.

Sofia, Bulgaria, March 28.—The entire cabinet has resigned, owing to the inability to find anyone who will accept the portfolio of war unless the cabinet agreed to the army appropriations.

Consul at Havana.

Washington, March 26.—Frank M. Steinhart is to be appointed consul general at Havana, succeeding William A. Rublee, who is to be transferred to some post of equal importance in the diplomatic or consular service. Mr. Steinhart is a resident of Illinois.

Favorable to Crops.

Chicago, March 28.—R. W. Snow's review declares the cold of last week was favorable to all crops. Too early growth was checked. Fruits and berries are probably hurt materially in the Mississippi valley. The effect in Michigan is uncertain.

KILLED IN RAILWAY WRECK.

Sunset Limited on Southern Pacific Road Collides with a Train in Texas—Three Dead.

San Antonio, Tex., March 28.—The Sunset limited of the Southern Pacific and another passenger train collided at Lacoste, 18 miles west of here, at 9:35 o'clock Thursday night. Three passengers, all Mexicans, were killed, and nine injured. The bodies of the dead were burned. The dead are: Guadalupe Cantee, Monterey; Antonio Arizpe, Sabinas, and Manuel Trevino Santo, Sabinas.

The three dead Mexicans were relatives of Gen. Geronimo Trevino, of Monterey, who was on his way to San Antonio, accompanied by his wife and son. The Trevinos were not injured. The dead men were in the compartment of the private car of Gen. Trevino. The Pullman car in the rear telescoped the private car, crushing them to death. Their bodies were not recovered until they had been burned to a crisp in the fire, which destroyed the entire train, including the engine. The fire originated from the oil in the tender.

THROWN FROM HER HORSE.

Empress of Germany Meets with a Painful Accident—Bone in Left Arm Broken.

Berlin, March 28.—While the German empress was galloping through the Grunewald, a forest near Charlottenburg, Friday afternoon, her horse, startled by a doe that ran across the path, shied and threw her off. The empress broke the fall with her left arm, and one of the bones snapped just above the wrist. The emperor, Prince Adelbert, Gen. von Loewenfeld, Gen. von Wedel and the numerous following of adjutants and aides de camp quickly gathered around her. The emperor was the first to lift her from the ground. She screamed with pain at the first shock, but after that showed much fortitude. Dr. Leuthold, the emperor's physician, was summoned at once from this city. Pending his arrival Emperor William applied first aid to the injured limb and made a sling out of the empress' veil.

A COMBINE OF COMBINES.

Six Steel Companies Merge Into a Corporation Known as the National Steel Company.

Trenton, N. J., March 27.—Articles of merger were filed in the office of the secretary of state Thursday, merging the American Steel Hoop Co., National Steel Co. and the Carnegie company. The merged corporation is to be known as the Carnegie Steel Co., with a capitalization of $63,000,000. The combined capital of the old companies amounted to $232,000,000.

By this merger the new corporation will save over $7,000 each year in fees paid to the state of New Jersey.

The directors of the new corporation are W. E. Corey, C. M. Schwab, E. H. Gary, W. W. Blackburn and Thomas Murray. The officers of the company are: W. E. Corey, president; W. W. Blackburn, secretary treasurer; J. J. Campbell, assistant secretary and auditor. All the new officers are from Pittsburg.

Merged by Packers.

Chicago, March 28.—Consolidation of the seven packing companies bought last summer by the Armour, Swift and Morris interests as a preliminary step to the general consolidation then contemplated has just been effected. The National Packing company, incorporated under the laws of New Jersey March 18, with $15,000,000 capital stock, has purchased the properties and is now operating them. The president of the new National company is J. P. Lyman.

Kills His Stepfather.

Peoria, Ill., March 27.—Leslie Zeine, a 17-year-old boy at Pottstown, seven miles west of this city, shot and killed his stepfather, Charles Krause, Wednesday night. Krause was beating the boy's mother and when he interfered struck savagely at him with a bed slat. The youth picked up a rifle standing near and shot the man through the heart. Young Zeine was arrested and brought to Peoria and locked up.

Judge Tyner Resigns.

Washington, March 27.—Judge James N. Tyner, assistant attorney general for the post office department, has resigned, to take effect on the appointment of his successor, who has not yet been chosen. Mr. Tyner is in a serious physical condition, and owing to that fact and his advanced age he has not been able to discharge the duties of his office for a long time and he will not again visit the post office department officially.

Appointed Chief Justice.

Washington, March 28.—Justice Clabaugh, of the supreme court of the District of Columbia, has been appointed chief justice of said court, to succeed Judge Bingham, retired. Former Senator Pritchard, of North Carolina, will be appointed to fill the vacancy created by Justice Clabaugh's promotion.

Will Decline.

Indianapolis, Ind., March 28.—Col. C. A. Carlisle, of South Bend, has been offered the position of assistant secretary of the new cabinet department of commerce and labor, according to friends at the statehouse, but will refuse it, because he cannot afford to take it in view of his business connections.

Many Saloons Will Close Up.

New York, March 28.—If the excise measure before the New York legislature is adopted it is estimated that half the saloons in this city will be compelled to close.

Big Purchase of Silver.

Washington, March 27.—The secretary of the treasury Thursday afternoon purchased 250,000 ounces of silver at 49.1 cents an ounce delivered free at the Philadelphia mint. This purchase was made on account of the Philippine coinage act.

Castro Withdraws Resignation.

Caracas, March 26.—After reading his special message to congress Gen. Castro withdrew his resignation of the presidency of Venezuela.

When it was known he had not resigned, a popular demonstration took place.

Mrs. Laura L. Barnes, Washington, D. C., Ladies Auxiliary to Burnside Post, No. 4, G. A. R., recommends Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

"In diseases that come to women only, as a rule, the doctor is called in, sometimes several doctors, but still matters go from bad to worse; but I have never known of a case of female weakness which was not helped when Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound was used faithfully. For young women who are subject to headaches, backache, irregular or painful periods, and nervous attacks due to the severe strain on the system by some organic trouble, and for women of advanced years in the most trying time of life, it serves to correct every trouble and restore a healthy action of all organs of the body.

"Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound is a household reliance in my home, and I would not be without it. In all my experience with this medicine, which covers years, I have found nothing to equal it and always recommend it."—Mrs. Laura L. Barnes, 607 Second St., N. E., Washington, D. C. — *$5000 forfeit if original of above letter proving genuineness cannot be produced.*

Such testimony should be accepted by all women as convincing evidence that Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound stands without a peer as a remedy for all the distressing ills of women.

COMMUNING WITH NATURE.

Laura Was Not Saddened by the Beautiful Scenery—It Was a Bug.

Close beside the sparkling brook, where silvery waters danced merrily in the sunlight and rippled joyously over the golden sands, they sat in silence—George and Laura—drinking in the glorious beauty of the rustic scene and communing with nature in one of her chosen shrines. Afar off in the west the sun seemed to linger on the rim of the horizon as if unwilling to shut out from his gaze the lovely landscape that glowed with a softened and even melancholy radiance in his departing beams, says Woman's Home Companion.

A thrilling cry burst from the lips of the beautiful girl. "George! George!" she almost shrieked.

"What is it, darling?" he asked, placing his arm tenderly around her waist. "Has the romantic, yet oppressive, loveliness of the scenery saddened your spirit—"

"No, George!" she screamed, waving her hands wildly and making a frantic jab at the small of her back. "I think it's some kind of a bug!"

HIS "HONEY" HAD VANISHED.

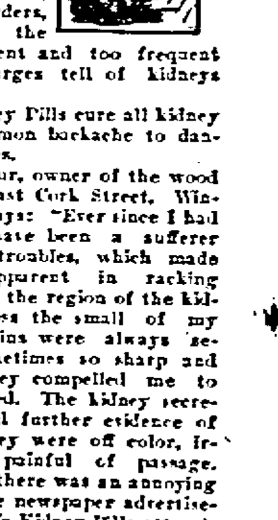
The Waiter Didn't Understand Johnson's Inquiry, But He Thought He Did.

A young Philadelphian whom we may call Johnson, because that is not his name, was married several days ago, and it occurred to him that he would take his bride into an upstate town on their honeymoon, relates the Philadelphia Ledger. He was particularly desirous of visiting this town, as he told his bride, because at the hotel where he intended staying "they served such delicious honey at every meal." "That will be delightful," said Mrs. Johnson.

The couple arrived at the hotel in due course, and they were just in time for tea. Johnson escorted his bride proudly to a table in the dining room and then, after an admiring glance at her, looked quizzically round the board. There was no honey on the table and none in the room. Johnson was surprised and called a waiter. "See here," said he, "where's my honey?" The waiter seemed at a loss as to what to say, but finally leaned forward and in a stage whisper said: "She don't work here no mo'!"

One active virtue is worth ten absent vices.—Ram's Horn.

"KIDNEY COLDS."



Nothing will "lay you up," "play you out," "put you to bed" quicker than a kidney cold. Thousands feel the first effect of colds in the kidneys. Backache, rheumatic pains, urinary disorders, retention of the urine, infrequent and too frequent urinary discharges tell of kidneys out of order.

Doan's Kidney Pills cure all kidney ills from common backache to dangerous diabetes.

A. T. Kitenour, owner of the wood yard at 125 East Cork Street, Winchester, Va., says: "Ever since I had La Grippe I have been a sufferer from kidney troubles, which made themselves apparent in racking pains through the region of the kidneys and across the small of my back. The pains were always severe, and sometimes so sharp and biting that they compelled me to take to my bed. The kidney secretions furnished further evidence of disorders. They were off color, irregular, and painful of passage. Added to this there was an annoying weakness. The newspaper advertisements of Doan's Kidney Pills attracted my attention, and I procured a box of that remedy at Franck Baker & Sons' drug store. The relief I experienced was magical. The pills lifted me from my bed of sickness, placed me on my feet, and made me a well man. I can work as well as ever. Doan's Kidney Pills, I believe, saved my life. They are a great remedy to stop kidney troubles resulting from colds."

A FREE TRIAL of this great kidney medicine which cured Mr. Kitenour will be mailed on application to any part of the United States. Address Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y. For sale by all druggists; price 50 cents per box.

LENTEN FISH STORY.

American Fisheries Valued at $60,000,000 a Year.

Few Persons, Expert Anglers Included, Can Tell the True Names of the Denizens of Lakes and Rivers.

[Special Washington Letter.]

FROM the depths of religious contemplation we must plunge into the depths of the waters of river and sea; because the penitential season of Lent would be wholly incomplete without fish, which is to be a necessary article of diet until the coming of Easter; when we may lay aside our religious cloaks for awhile, and enjoy "the vain pomp and glory of this wicked world" again.

Although we have not the congress on our hands at this time, the executive branch of the government is always with us, and society is all agog with its religious duties and the keeping up of appearances for the season. Somber gowns and more somber hats are worn, while the gay gewgaws which milliner and dressmaker are making are kept from view. We must keep up appearances, even with our grocer and green grocer. Therefore, we must have eggs and fish galore on our order books. And this is a good time to make a little study of pisciculture; to talk about fish, "that meager fare" of which the bulled makes the abbot complain.

This is to be a fishy tale; but all fish have tails. We are not going to pretend to be learned, and give marvelous stories of experiences with rod and reel—only one fish story. Jesse Sartis was for 20 years a well-known newspaper man here, and he was also an angler. One morning as Jesse was lighting a cigar in the hotel lobby, the proprietor of the news stand told him about a big catch of fish at Cabin John's bridge, whereat Sartis smiled and said: "I don't believe it. I don't believe any fish stories. I wouldn't believe a fish story if a preacher were to tell it."

Standing near by, also lighting a cigar, was a giant, and a fine-looking one, too. He asked Sartis if he had understood him aright, when he stated that he wouldn't believe a preacher, if he were to tell a fish story. Sartis emphatically repeated his remark, and was surprised when the big man replied: "I don't blame you. I'm a preacher myself; and I've told some whoppers in my day."

"I'm not a church-goer," said Sartis, "but I'd like to be a member of your congregation. I'd believe you in the pulpit."

You would scarcely believe it likely, without previous reflection, but it is true, that the last census showed a valuation of upwards of $60,000,000 in the fisheries of that year; and these figures only in part represent the catches for private and immediate consumption; the unnamed, unrefrigerated, unsalted. Few realize the enormous extent of the fish product in the food supply of this country.

For almost a score of years the federal government has been arduously laboring and patiently experimenting in fish culture. The fish commission has earned world-wide fame. And from it, and its examples, nearly every territory and state has created a similar commission. Canada has also established and maintains a fish commission of exceptional ability; and it now seems very sure that in a short time all of the North American continent will become the scene of extended scientific efforts toward stocking the waters, coast and inland, for the propagation and cultivation of all of the forms of aquatic life which may now be utilized for the food of human beings. There will be a great increase of the food supply, and there will also be a great reduction in prices to consumers. When each community can have its own fish supply at its own doors, there will be a cheaper and better article than is now obtainable, particularly by those who are obliged to pay for transportation, ice, and other expenses, as well as for the food supply itself.

"I'VE TOLD SOME WHOPPERS MYSELF."

One of the best state commissions is that of New York, which, in one year, distributed throughout that state upwards of 25,000,000 eggs and fry, and this does not take into calculation the efforts of numerous private persons who have cooperated with the state commission, nor the labor expended upon oyster culture in the same state at the same time.

The fish commission of New Jersey in one year stocked the Delaware river with 60,000 land-locked salmon, and liberated 1,665,000 shad, hatched in that river; also 250,000 California salmon, 200,000 brook trout and 100,000 whitefish. That is a busy commission, and an intelligent one. When the commission liberated 3,000 black bass there was a howl from hundreds who feared that the bass would destroy the young shad. But the commissioners have demonstrated that the bass has no special appetite for shad. On the contrary, the bass prefers several other kinds of young fish, and the liberation of the bass has proved to be highly beneficial in the lakes and ponds where distributed.

It is surprising how few people know the names of the various fish foods. The federal fish commission is doing a good educational work in teaching people the names of fishes; a task which has been found to be exceedingly difficult. Different names are often given to the same fish, in different localities. For example, take the catfish family, or siluridae.

THE TRUTHFUL DEALER.

In Pennsylvania this fish is always called catfish, but in New York it is a bullhead, in Massachusetts, a hornpout, in Connecticut, a bullprout, in Maine a bullplug, and in some parts of the west a sucker.

There is a popular saying that "a catfish has a forked tail, and a bullhead a square one," but Fred Mather, a most distinguished authority, shows that this saying is not borne out by the facts. There are more than 20 species of this fish family, and their tails vary from being square to deeply forked. They are all popularly called catfish, only experts and students being aware of the real distinguishing differences in the species. Moreover, they are all good for food, and palatable.

The trout served in the eastern restaurants is one species, and that of the English hotels another, while the trout set forth upon the tables of Alabama and Georgia does not belong to the same family, being what we in the north and northwest call black bass. The so-called shad of Lake Champlain is not the delicious fish caught in salt water or in the rivers which flow into the ocean. It is in reality the whitefish of the great lakes.

When you hear any person talking of carp, you may inform him that there are over 500 species of carp; and when the word "minnow" is used you may inform your benighted friends that upwards of 1,000 species of denizens of the deep are so named by the uninitiated. Of like vagueness are the terms chub, dace, roach, shiner, killies and sucker. Although these names are most used as convenient terms by boys and girls who know no better, they are too often employed in the same manner by anglers and men of considerable intelligence. For example, the term sucker is applied to at least 50 fresh water species, and five salt water ones, which have nothing at all in common.

The familiar "frost fish" is a variety of the salmon in northern ponds and lakes. It is a very small subspecies of the cod family on the eastern sea coast. Then again, quite a number of names are given to small fishes because of the manner in which they are prepared for the table, regardless of their correct names. The "panfish" and the "butterfish" are so called because of their relationship to the use made of them by the cook and even they have different names in different localities, because all cooks are not agreed as to the best methods of serving them.

During this Lenten season we must have fish for breakfast, fish for dinner and fish for supper; and this also in accordance with our geographical environments. But we need not go to Izaak Walton, Thomas J. Nicholl, nor other piscatorial liars and philosophers, to increase our woeful collection of misinformation about our temporary diettition from the waters. The majority of us will depend upon the always reliable and truthful tenders of fish in the market places, and, after it is all over, we will wonder what ever gave us indigestion. And we will blame it on the cook; or, easier still, on the wife.

Speaking of indigestion reminds us that the term is practically unknown in Italy. The late Gen. Sibley, when very venerable, told the writer that after his numerous Indian campaigns he returned to civilization, and became a victim of indigestion. He was fast growing old, and his case seemed hopeless, until a country doctor down in Maine advised him to go to Italy and live in the land of olive oil and garlic. He went, and recovered his health completely. It was the olive oil, and not the garlic, that did it.

From a long conversation with the old soldier the writer learned that the best fish of all, for those who are liable to attacks of indigestion, is the sardine; provided he is consumed with all of the oil in which he is packed.

Dyspepsia is bad for religion. Argal, sardines for Lent, not tabooing other fish more desirable to individual palates.

EMITH D. FRY.

FITTED FOR ANY POSITION.

Most Versatile of Men Who Claims to Be Possessed of Many Qualifications.

Who, next, of course, to the German emperor, is the most versatile man in the world? We should judge that the American who has recently applied to the United States civil service commission for a post as draughtsman in the engineer service must come pretty near deserving the title, says the London Chronicle. Here is his list of qualifications:

Surveyor, draughtsman (topographical, architectural and engineering), writer for newspapers and magazines, bridge carpenter, house carpenter, boatbuilder, blacksmith's helper, boiler-maker's helper, farm hand, hurled geese and ducks for market, photographer, lumberman, lecturer, shoveler on railroad grades, dishwasher, shingler, cowboy, teamster, cattle shipper, solicitor, cleaned old bricks, woodchopper, worked in sawmills and factories, rafted logs, wrote advertising, etc., etc. Can command salary at more different kinds of labor than any living man. Immune from malarial fever, mountain fever, lazy fever or any other disease. Expert on matters relating to physical or mental development.

WISCONSIN STATE NEWS.

Death of Samuel Hastings.

Samuel Dexter Hastings, one of the most prominent prohibitionists in the United States, died at the residence of his daughter, Mrs. H. R. Hotart, in Evanston, Ill., aged 87 years. Among the offices which Mr. Hastings held were those of treasurer of Beloit college; secretary of the Wisconsin state board of charities, treasurer of the Wisconsin academy of sciences, president of the Winona Lake Chautauqua assembly at Madison, and chief officer of the World's Good Templars. For 20 years he continued in office as the treasurer of the prohibition national committee, and in 1884 was the candidate for governor of Wisconsin on the prohibition ticket. Mr. Hastings was twice elected a member of the Wisconsin state legislature and four times as state treasurer. The burial took place at Green Bay.

Boy Made Insane.

Earl Cleves, of Sioux City, Ia., has been taken home in a demented condition, it is said, as a result of a severe hazing by his fellow students at Valentine's school of telegraphy in Janesville. Young Cleves is 19 years of age. After the hazing he tried to break into several houses to escape from a crowd, which he imagined was pursuing him. It is asserted that the hazers stole $50 from him.

Must Be Sober.

Members of the Federated Trades council have been warned to stay sober. Frank J. Weiser, business agent of that organization, at a meeting in Milwaukee served notice on all members that hereafter he would refuse to consider grievances presented by men under the influence of liquor.

Lightning Causes Big Loss.

Lightning destroyed property to the value of $10,000 belonging to E. M. Galloway at Fond du Lac. The barn was struck and four horses and 14 steers were burned to death. The flames were soon communicated to the dwelling, creamery and granary, all of which were a total loss.

Will Go to Maine.

A telegram from Washington states that the secretary of war has detailed Capt. Charles J. Symmonds, of Kenosha, as head of the military department at the University of Maine at Orono, Me., his term of office to begin with the opening of the school year at the university.

Dies of Yawning.

After yawning without interruption for three days, despite every effort to effect a cessation, Mrs. William Henry Jenner died in Oshkosh. The physicians in attendance stated that the woman was suffering from obscure lesions of the brain, producing laryngial spasms.

Famous Character Dies.

Mrs. C. F. Laclaire, commonly known as Minnie Ross, one of the best-known characters of northern Wisconsin, died in Hurley. She was the manager of the famous Klondike theater that burned two years ago, and in which 12 people lost their lives.

Body Found.

The body of Briethach, the Milwaukee hunter who was drowned in Pewaukee lake last November, has been found by Hugo and Edward Vollet. The body, which was found stranded on a reef near Starke's point, was taken to Pewaukee.

The News Condensed.

A mad dog ran through the western part of Kenosha and 12 people were bitten.

Fire totally destroyed the Clark house, one of the leading hotels in Beaver Dam, causing a loss of about $15,000.

Mrs. Betsey Hasbrouck, the oldest person in the state, died in Oshkosh at the age of 103 years.

Wilmot, the oldest and largest town in the county outside of Kenosha, is to be reached by a railroad. The Wisconsin Central will build a spur from Camp Lake to Wilmot.

Miss Sylvia White, of Minneapolis, has given $12,000 to Whitewater for a public library building. Miss White's father was the founder of Whitewater.

Henry A. Huber, of Stoughton, has been appointed executive clerk by Gov. La Follette, to succeed Alfred J. Rogers, resigned.

William Meilke, a farmer residing in the town of Moundville, was choked to death while eating dinner by a piece of beefsteak lodging in his throat.

William Smith, a farmer living west of Fennimore, committed suicide by shooting himself in the right temple.

Andrew Carnegie has appropriated $10,000 for a public library building in Hudson on the condition that the city provides a site and $1,000 a year for maintenance.

L. H. Parker, of Beloit, has been appointed national bank examiner for the district of Wisconsin and Minnesota, to succeed D. S. Culver, of Superior, who resigned.

A passenger and a log train on the Chicago, Minneapolis, St. Paul & Omaha road, collided near Hayward and Fireman Frank Bohan was killed.

A man who was born in Dordas, Outagamie county, and has lived there all the 25 years of his life, was in Appleton the other day and for the first time saw a street car and rode on a railroad train.

Isaac John, the first Oneida Indian ever known to violate his parole, was recaptured at Depere, where he appeared after having been in hiding in the woods.

Miss Louisa Winkler, a young milliner at Shawano, charged with using the mails for improper purposes, was bound over for the next term of the United States court, which will be held at Oshkosh in June.

The young son of Dominic Gagnon at Marinette choked to death from an apple core sticking in his throat.

Peter Dorszynski pleaded guilty at Wausau to an attempted criminal assault and was sentenced to seven years at Waupun.

Gardiner & James, who conducted a general store at Spencer, have gone into voluntary bankruptcy.

WISCONSIN LEGISLATURE.

Daily Summary of the Work Done in the Senate and Assembly in Session at Madison.

Madison, Wis., March 25.—A bill has been passed in the senate giving members of the legislative committee appointed to visit the state charitable and penal institutions $50 each for expenses incurred.

Madison, Wis., March 26.—In the senate yesterday a committee was appointed to receive President Roosevelt when he visits Madison on April 2. Resolutions relating to the election of United States senators by direct vote were laid over till April 7, as was also the resolution relating to trusts and unlawful industrial combinations. A bill to refund the inheritance tax, collected under an unconstitutional law, the amount being $36,622, was passed.

Madison, Wis., March 27.—A bill has been introduced in the senate by the committee on education to create a pension fund for the retirement of public school teachers in Milwaukee. The committee on public health reported back the bill to license barbers and recommended that it go to the judiciary committee, which was ordered. The assembly primary election bill was passed, which provides for primary election nominations of county officers and for an extension of the system to all officers after being approved by the people in a referendum.

Madison, Wis., March 28.—The senate has passed bills as follows: Extending terms of regents until their successors are appointed; providing for exemption from taxation the part of a bank's capital invested in a building; creating a pension fund for police and firemen in Milwaukee; providing for the distribution of license fees of street railway and electric companies operating in different towns; appropriating $100 for the governor's contingent fund; relating to the terms of supervisors in villages and providing for annual elections, except where otherwise provided in the charters; providing that no decree of divorce shall be entered until one year after it has been granted; authorizing the reporter of the Milwaukee district court to charge five cents a folio for transcripts of testimony in cases where boys are sent to the industrial school.

In the Assembly.

Madison, Wis., March 28.—In the assembly a bill has been passed providing that supervisors shall be elected annually in cities operating under separate charters, unless otherwise provided. This does not affect cities in which supervisors are now elected for two years. The committee on state affairs decided by a vote of five to two to recommend the Williams anti-negro marriage bill for passage. The action came after long and spirited hearing on the bill. The measure if adopted will prohibit marriages between whites and negroes within the state.

Madison, Wis., March 26.—Bills have been passed in the assembly providing that district attorneys shall receive the amount of their expenses actually and necessarily incurred in traveling within and without their counties in the discharge of their office; appropriating $100 as a contingent fund for the governor; providing for the registration of motor vehicles of all kinds, making owners liable for damage caused by the careless or unskillful handling of them, and empowering any city, town or village to enact special ordinances governing the running of automobiles.

Madison, Wis., March 27.—The assembly has passed the following senate bills: Providing that an insurance of 80 per cent. of the value of the buildings shall be carried, and the state insurance commissioner is directed to look after the matter from year to year; providing that a diploma granted by the board of regents of normal schools to any persons who complete the training course for teachers of manual training and domestic science shall legally qualify the holder to teach the subjects mentioned one year in any school in the state, and that the state superintendent may countersign the diploma of any such person who has successfully taught the subjects one year, and this countersigning shall make the diploma good until annulled by him; appropriating $50 to each of the three members of the legislative committee appointed to visit the state charitable and penal institutions to reimburse them for their expenses; extending the terms of university regents until the appointment and qualifications of their successors; prohibiting the sale of unclean and unsanitary milk or its use in the manufacture of food products, and requiring creameries, cheese factories and milk dealers' establishments to be kept in a clean and sanitary condition. The anti-cigarette bill was passed. It prohibits the manufacture or sale of cigarettes or cigarette paper and takes effect July 1 next.

Madison, Wis., March 28.—In the assembly yesterday the senate bill requiring railway companies to post a bulletin board at all stations having a telegraph office, on which at least 20 minutes before the schedule time for arrival of a train shall be posted the fact whether it is on time, and if late, how much, was concurred in. Bills have been passed making it unlawful to take beer or other intoxicating liquors into a voting booth during the progress of an election; authorizing the commissioner of labor statistics and the inspectors employed in his department to inspect tenement houses for the purpose of ascertaining their sanitary condition.

Fireman Killed.

Hayward, Wis., March 27.—In a wreck on the Omaha road here the Twilight Annex collided with a logging train, telescoping the engine, mail and baggage cars. Fireman Frank Bohan of the passenger train was killed, and J. C. Hiner, the passenger engineer, was badly bruised. No others were hurt. The fault lay with the logging train, which thought the passenger had gone. A blinding snowstorm made it impossible to see but a short distance or both engineers could have seen the danger.

Triumphal Arches.

La Crosse, Wis., March 28.—The committee in charge of the entertainment of the president in this city April 4 has made arrangements to erect three Elk triumphal arches on the route of the parade down town. Every business house along the line of march will be decorated profusely.

Divers Want More Pay.

Cleveland, O., March 28.—The divers employed on the lakes have gone on strike to enforce their demand for higher wages and a recognition of their organization. The men have been getting from five to six dollars per day and now demand a flat rate of ten dollars per day.

FROM MANY LANDS.

The practice of fencing has been revived among Japanese young noblesomen.

Electric lights now disturb the ghosts of the Pharoahs in the royal tombs in the valley of the kings.

The Himalayas have several peaks over 28,000 feet and more than 1,000 which have been measured exceed 20,000 feet.

The marine cable industry was confronted by a scarcity of gutta percha, which is used to incase the wires, until a tree producing it was found on the Amazon. Now it has been discovered in abundance in German New Guinea.

Tortillas, the Mexican substitute for wheat bread, are made from selected corn. The kernels are boiled soft in lime water and after being thoroughly washed are rubbed between the hands to remove the outer husk. They are then ground, while wet, to a soft mass with stones or a peanut butter mill, patted into thin cakes, baked on a dry griddle and eaten while still hot.

PORCUPINES IN MAINE.

Hordes of Rapacious Beasts Swarm Through the Woods Destroying Valuable Trees.

Eastern Maine has of late been calling upon the legislature for means to fit out an army to repel an invasion from New Brunswick. The invaders are armed with knifelike teeth and spearlike bristles and they eat up forests, lumber camps and farming tools and kill horses. They are porcupines, both fretful and destructive, and they have overrun Washington county, swarming from St. Croix to the Narraguagus and marching in regiments along the banks of the Machias, says a recent report from Bangor.

They are easy to kill, but, being utterly worthless, no one will take the trouble to go on the warpath for them, and so Washington county, through her representatives in the legislature, is calling upon the state of Maine to offer a small bounty in cash for every porcupine killed, confident that this would be the means of cleaning out the varmints and thus relieving the county of a pest that is declared by lumbermen to be far more destructive than forest fires.

Twenty-five years ago there was scarcely a porcupine to be found in eastern Maine, but at that time they began coming here from New Brunswick, in which province they are as thick as ants and seem to sprout from the ground like weeds. At first no notice was taken of the invasion and the destruction of the hackmatack and juniper was attributed to the hackmatac worms, which can eat up timber faster than a band mill. Millions of feet of the best ship timber was destroyed, all by worms it was supposed, but when the worms had disappeared the destruction continued, and lately it has dawned upon the lumbermen that the porcupine is a far worse pest than the borer.

Porcupines, it is now known, kill thousands of big spruce by gnawing great strips of bark from the trunks, beginning two-thirds up the trunk and circling around the tree toward the bottom. The same method of destruction is employed on the pine, juniper and various hard wood trees, while the hemlocks and cedars are killed by gnawing off the branches from the top down. The hackmatacks are now being killed off at an alarming rate, and soon, unless something is done to exterminate the pests, there will be hardly a stick of that species left in Washington county.

A hunter who has lately returned from the headwaters of the Machias river saw one group of 55 large spruces that had been killed within a month by porcupines, while other growths suffered in proportion. Porcupines, like wolves, will fight when gathered in numbers, and the crew that went last fall to begin the season's work at a lumber camp in township 27 had a taste of their quality. The men found the camp occupied by a swarm of porcupines, which resisted eviction, and a fight followed that lasted for hours, the porcupines retiring to the woods only after 27 of them had been slain. They had gnawed the bunks, tables, mangers and even the sashes and doors of the camp, so that extensive repairs had to be made before the crew could begin work.

Cases have been known where porcupines ate the handles off haying tools left in the field over night. They have destroyed several valuable canoes along the Machias river, gnawing through the ribs and the bark or canvas covering. Last fall a valuable colt in Crawford stepped upon a porcupine that lay concealed in the tall grass, and limped home with his ankle pierced to the joint with quills, which caused his death next day.

It is expected that the legislature will grant a small bounty on porcupines, and that every man and boy in the rural regions of Washington county who owns or can borrow a gun, ax or club will soon be on the warpath for the invaders from New Brunswick.

GET MEDALS OF HONOR.

Officers and Enlisted Men in Uncle Sam's Service Are Granted Them for Gallant Deeds.

"The recent service of our troops in Cuba, Porto Rico, China and the Philippines has resulted in a number of recommendations for the bestowal of medals of honor and the granting of certificates of merit," explained an officer of the army now stationed in this city, reports the Washington Star.

"Medals of honor, authorized by the act of congress approved March 2, 1863, are awarded to officers and enlisted men in the name of congress for particular deeds of most distinguished gallantry in action.

"Recommendations for award of medals must be forwarded within one year after the performance of the act for which the award is claimed. Commanding officers are required to thoroughly investigate all cases of recommendations for congressional medals arising in their commands, and indorse their opinion upon the papers to be forwarded to the adjutant general of the army through regular military channels.

"Medals of honor are not awarded to officers or enlisted men except in distinguished bravery or conspicuous gallantry, which shall have been manifested in action by conduct that distinguishes a soldier above his comrades, and that involves risk of life.

"When any enlisted man of the army shall have distinguished himself in the service, the president may grant him a certificate of merit, on the recommendation of the commanding officer of the regiment or the chief of the corps to which such man belongs.

"Recommendations for a certificate of merit must originate with an eyewitness, preferably the immediate commanding officer.

"A certificate of merit granted to an enlisted man for distinguished service entitles him, from the date of such service, to additional pay at the rate of two dollars per month while in the army, although such service may not be continuous."

His Only Refuge.

The Parson—Your wife, sir, is trying to run my church.

Witherby—If that is really the case, the only thing for you to do is to join my poker club.—Harper's Bazaar.

SMILES

Struck a Bonanza.

Mouldy Mike—I've struck a soft thing now.

Dusty Dan—What's that?

Mouldy Mike—I go inter town, an' tell 'em I belong to a stranded opera company, and want 'em all to be at th' schoolhouse at seven sharp and hear me give a concert. They always come. A free show draws a crowd every time. Well, I don't git more'n halfway through me best solo, "Mister Dooley," than they begins ter throw eggs an' cabbages an' all sorts o' garden produce by the bushel. I just gathers it up and slips out th' back door. Been livin' like a fightin' cock all winter.—N. Y. Weekly.

The Boy Couldn't See It.

Office Boy—There ain't any such word as "gesticulate" in the dictionary.

Chief Clerk—Nonsense! Where did you look for it?

"Under 'je,' of course.

"I see, didn't know how to spell it."

"So a fellow must know how to spell a word he goes to the dictionary to find out how to spell! What're ye givin' us, anyhow?"—Boston Transcript.

A Study in Heartbreaking.

"I am supposed to die of a broken heart," said the unmanageable actress.

"Now, how am I to know how a person with a broken heart behaves?"

"I'll tell you what to do," answered the cold-blooded manager. "You study the author of this play after he sees your first performance of it."—Washington Star.

Just a Hint.

"I wish," said Rev. Mr. Hardpan, "that this congregation were penniless."

"What does he mean?" the people whispered one to another.

"For then," the pastor continued, "the collection plate would not be so nickel-less and time-less."—Philadelphia Press.

Lazy Man's Hankering.

I'd like to have a nice, soft job,
Where I could simply be
A sort of weekly visitor,
To draw my salary;
An' then, as that got burdensome
And seemed inclined to bore me,
I'd like to have some fellow call
To go an' draw it for me!
—Baltimore News.

THEN CAME RIOTOUS.

"Adolphus, what shall I go to the Gorgeson's fancy ball as?"

"Wall flower, my dear. Suit you lovely!"—Alley Sloper.

Reflections.

This world is like a looking glass
Wherein one oft beholds his face;
It frowns on those who grimly pass,
But answers smiles with jovial grace.
—Washington Star.

Hard.

"It's a hard task this being a statesman," remarked the great man, reflectively.

"People are hard to satisfy."

"Very. If you have money at the end of a term of office they wink significantly and say: 'I told you so,' and if you are poor they curl their lips and comment on your improvident character."—Washington Star.

No Ennui Here.

"No; we're never troubled with ennui out at my house. Our minds are always occupied."

"In what way?"

"Well, I'm trying to guess what my wife will say to me when I get home, and she's trying to guess what new excuse I'll have for being late."—Brooklyn Eagle.

A Genuine Mystery.

"My dear," said a wife who had been married three years, as she beamed across the table on her lord and master, "tell me what first attracted you to me. What pleasant characteristic did I possess which placed me above other women in your sight?"

And her lord and master simply said: "I give it up."—Tit-Bits.

Poor Little Willie.

"Willie's crying; I guess he wants something," said the indulgent mother.

"Well," fumed the father, starting in the direction of William, slipper in hand, "he'll get something, but he'll cry worse after he gets it."—Yonkers Statesman.

An Unfailing Sign.

Druggist—That dyspepsia remedy you put on the market wasn't a success, eh?

Physician—Why do you think it wasn't?

Druggist—Because there hasn't been a single imitation offered for sale.—Cincinnati Enquirer.

Trouble Coming.

Mrs. Jenner Lee Ondego — Your church is becoming dissatisfied with the pastor? Why is that? He has been preaching for you 15 years, hasn't he?

Mrs. Seldom-Holme—Yes. That's the trouble. He has begun to preach at us, now.—Chicago Tribune.

Crime Under Difficulties.

Sing Sing Sam—Wot's de matter, Joe? Been playin' football?

Joliet Joe—Naw! I tried ter swipe a automobile an' de blame ting run away wit me.—N. Y. Herald.

Gratitude Among Girls.

Mildred—I should so like to do something that would please Gertrude. She's been so kind to me.

Cora—Why not pretend that you're jealous of her?—Town Topics.

He Always Seemed Tricky.

Hicks—We had a great time at the club last night. Sorry not to see you there, Charley.

Mrs. Porter (after Hicks had gone)—Why, Charles, you told me you spent the whole of last evening at the club.

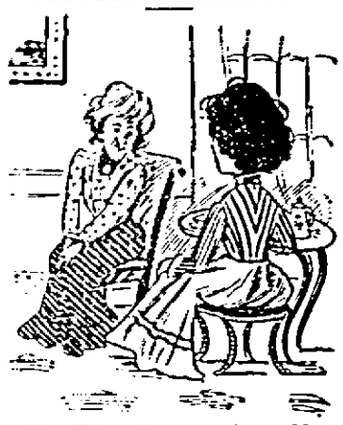
Mr. Porter (with great presence of mind)—So I did, dear. The reason Hicks didn't see me was because he wasn't there himself. Trying to deceive his wife, probably.

Mrs. Porter—The wretch! And he would try to rob me of the confidence I have in you! I always did see something about that man I didn't like.—Boston Transcript.

General Opinion.

Lives of great men all remind us
That it isn't only pluck;
We would do as well, or better,
If we only had their luck.
—N. Y. Times.

BETWEEN BEAR FRIENDS.



Miss White—I've never been able to get a good photograph of my face.

Miss Black—Let me congratulate you.—Chicago Daily News.

Authoritative.

As to getting rich quick
There are warnings in plenty,
And for one of them see
Prov. 28:20.
—Chicago Tribune.

Needed Some Stimulus.

Manager—I shall shortly produce a new play called "The Gold-Bug," and I want you to take the part of the hero.

Actor—Who is he?

Manager—He is the Gold-Bug—a millionaire.

Actor—Very well. Pay me my back salary just before the curtain rises, and I'll sweep the town.—N. Y. Weekly.

A Man of Simple Tastes.

"Did you enjoy your trip abroad?"

"Yes," answered Mr. Cumrox; "but I must say I missed the kind of cooking I'm used to."

"Couldn't you get anything you wanted?"

"Possibly. But you see mother and the girls hadn't taken the trouble to learn the French for pork and beans."—Washington Star.

Friendly Criticism.

Mayme—I can't endure Gwendolyn; she's simply detestable. This is the third time she and I cut for the prize at our card parties, and she wins every time.

Helen—Well, she's fair, isn't she?

"Fair? You should see her when she isn't made up!"—Kansas City Journal.

The Crawfish and Others.

[illegible]
—N. Y. Sun.

THE EXPLANATION.

Husband—How is it that woman's club of yours keeps you out so much later now than it used to?

Wife—Oh! we've made a new rule that only one member can speak at a time.—Chicago Journal.

Cause of the Crush.

There's room enough for all men here
Upon this busy, whirling sphere,
Why pass and crowd and jostle so?
Ah, yes, there's room enough, but where
A few set out to get to, there
The crowd is sure to want to go.
—Chicago Record-Herald.

Monopoly.

A lady once asked a little girl of five if she had any brothers.

"Yes," said the child, "I have three brothers."

"And how many sisters, my dear?" asked the lady.

"Just one sister, and I'm it," replied the small girl.—Little Chronicle.

Getting Even.

Mrs. Von Blumer—We must have the Biggsbys to dinner. We owe them one.

Von Blumer—Of course. We passed an awful dull evening there and it is nothing more than right that they should pass one here.—Brooklyn Life.

Afraid.

"Higgleston must have a shady past."

"Why?"

"He says something ought to be done to curb the newspapers."—Chicago Record-Herald.

Sensible Suggestion.

Von Blumer—Where's my wife?

Dimpleton—She's in the next room talking with my wife about clothes.

Von Blumer—Well, then, suppose we go and spend the evening somewhere together.—Town Topics.

THE NEW NORTH.

RHINELANDER PRINTING CO.

Announcement.

To the Electors of the Sixteenth Judicial Circuit of the State of Wisconsin:—

The time is now approaching when you will be called upon to elect a judge for this circuit, and as I have received numerous inquiries as to whether or not I intend to be a candidate, and as I have also received many expression from all parts of the circuit wishing and requesting me to stand for re-election and continue my services as judge of this circuit, and as I have carefully considered the matter and am satisfied that there is a desire on the part of the people for my continuance in office as judge, and, moreover, my circumstances being such that I shall be glad to serve for another term, I do hereby announce myself as a non-partisan candidate of the Sixteenth Judicial Circuit at the next spring election.

My expectation and hope for election and a continuance in service as judge, is that the electors of the circuit will say that my past services merit a re election, and I do hereby renew my former promises that I shall studiously refrain from all participation in partisanship or party discussions or service, and that I will under all circumstances and with whatever ability and energy I possess, faithfully perform and discharge all the duties, always important and often extremely difficult, devolving upon me as judge, without fear, without favor and without prejudice. So declaring for a non-partisan judiciary, this shall be the platform upon which I confidently ask a continuance of the generous support heretofore given me and which I truly appreciate.

In due time nomination papers will be prepared and an opportunity afforded you for signing the same.

Respectfully yourfriend
and fellow citizen,
W. C. SILVERTHORN.

An Announcement.

To the voters of the counties of Oneida, Vilas, Lincoln and Marathon:

I hereby announce myself as a candidate for the office of circuit judge of the Sixteenth Judicial Circuit of Wisconsin, comprising the counties above named, at the spring election to be held in April of this year.

If elected, it will be my constant endeavor to discharge the duties of the office efficiently and impartially.

Wausau, Wisconsin, Jan. 27, 1903.
ELISHA. L. BUMP.

A Card.

We, the undersigned, do hereby agree to refund the money on a 50 cent bottle of Greene's Warranted Syrup of Tar If it fails to cure your cough or cold. We also guarantee a 25-cent bottle to prove satisfactory or money refunded. J. J. Reanlon.

Don't Miss President Roosevelt.

He will be in St. Paul and Minneapolis April 4th. One fare for the round trip from stations Rhinelander, Wis., to Hankinson, N. D., April 3rd and for trains 7 and 106 arriving in the Twin Cities morning of April 4th. Return limit April 6th. The Soo line.

Bowling Alleys Open.

James Lawlis announces the opening of the Stevens street bowling alleys. Frank Langdon will have charge and will keep things in proper shape.

Notice of Election.

Rhinelander, Wis March 15, 1903.
Office of City Clerk.

TO THE ELECTORS OF THE CITY OF RHINELANDER:

Notice is hereby given that a municipal election is to be held in the city of Rhinelander on the first Tuesday, being the 7th day of April A. D. 1903 at which the officers are to be chosen.

An alderman from the first ward to succeed Andrew Olson whose term of office expires the third Tuesday in April 1903.

A supervisor from the first ward to succeed Olaf Goldstrand whose term of office expires the third Tuesday in April 1903.

An alderman from the second ward to succeed Louis Stumpner whose term of office expires the third Tuesday in April 1903.

A supervisor from the second ward to succeed Julius Follstad whose term of office expires the third Tuesday in April 1903.

An alderman from the third ward to succeed Peter Didier whose term of office expires the third Tuesday in April 1903.

A supervisor from the third ward to succeed E. B. Crofoot whose term of office expires the third Tuesday in April 1903.

An alderman from the fourth ward to succeed W. F. Ball whose term of office expires the third Tuesday in April 1903.

A supervisor from the fourth ward to succeed A. W. Brown whose term of office expires the third Tuesday in April 1903.

An alderman from the fifth ward to succeed W. H. Gilligan whose term of office expires the third Tuesday in April 1903.

A supervisor from the fifth ward to succeed Wm. B. LaSelle whose term of office expires the third Tuesday in April 1903.

An alderman from sixth ward to succeed Gus Smith whose term of office expires the third Tuesday in April 1903.

A supervisor from the sixth ward to succeed J. G. Dunn whose term of office expires the third Tuesday in April 1903.

The following is a list of the poling places:

1st ward—House House No. 2.
2nd ward—Brown Bros. Boarding House.
3rd ward—Taylor's Pop Factory
4th ward—Hose House No. 1.
5th ward—Chafee & LaSelle building opposite Rapids House.
6th ward—Matin building on Pelham street.

Dated Rhinelander, Wis., March, 15 1903.

GUS SWEENEY, City Clerk.

Notice of Election

On Amendment to Constitution.

State of Wisconsin }
Department of State } ss.

Notice is hereby given, That at the Judicial Election to be held in the several towns, wards, villages and election districts of the state of Wisconsin, on the first Tuesday of April, A. D. 1903, being the seventh day of said month, the following amendment to Section 4 of Article 7 of the constitution of the state of Wisconsin, as amended in 1877, is to be submitted to the people in pursuance of the requirements of Chapter 10 of the laws of 1903, which is hereby certified to you in accordance with Chapter 5, of the Wisconsin Statutes of 1898, entitled "Caucuses, Electors and General Elections," Chapter 10, of the laws 1903, reads as I certify to wit:

No. 422, A.] [Published Mar. 13, 1903

CHAPTER 10.

AN ACT to submit to the people an amendment to the constitution, relating to the number of justices of the supreme court and to provide for elections to fill vacancies in the office of Justice of the supreme court.

Whereas, The legislature of this state at the biennial session for the year 1901, proposed and adopted by a vote of the members elected to each of the two houses, an amendment to the constitution of this state (the same being in fact an amendment to section 4, of article 7 thereof as amended in 1877), the proposed amendment being in the following language:

Resolved, by the assembly, the senate concurring. That section 1 of article VII of the constitution be amended so as to read as follows: Section 1. The chief justice and associate justices of the supreme court shall be severally known as the justices of said court, with the same terms of office of ten years respectively as now provided. The supreme court shall consist of seven justices, any four of whom shall be a quorum, to be elected as now provided, not more than one each year. The justice having been longest a continous member of said court, or in case two or more such senior justices shall have served for the same length of time, then the one whose commission first expires shall be ex-officio, the chief justice.

Whereas, the foregoing proposed amendment to the constitution was duly ratified and agreed to by the legislature of this state for the year 1903; and

Whereas, It is provided by section 9 of article 7 of the constitution that vacancies in the office of supreme court shall be filled by appointment of the governor, which shall continue until a successor is elected and qualified; therefore.

The people of the State of Wisconsin, represented in senate and assembly, do enact as follows:

Section 1. The proposed amendment to the constition of this state shall be submitted to the people at an election to be held on Tuesday, the 7th day of April, 1903, and if the people shall approve and ratify said amendment by a majority of the electors voting thereon such amendment shall become a part of the constitution of this state.

Section 2. Notice of the submission of said question, the form of ballot the conduct of the election and the canvass of the votes shall all be as provided in chapter 5 of the Wisconsin statutes of 1898, entitled "Caucuses, Electors, and General Elections" and the submission and canvass shall be particularly as provided in section 39, 94d and 94f, as the last chapter was amended by chapter 97 of the laws of 1899.

Section 3. In the event of the ratification of said proposed amendment by the people, one of the additional justices provided for shall be elected at the judicial election in April 1904, and his term shall commence on the first Monday of January, 1905. The other additional justice provided for by the proposed constitutional amendment shall be elected at the judicial election in April 1906, and his term shall commence on the first Monday of January 1907.

Section 4. In the event that said proposed constitutional amendment shall be adopted and ratified by the people, section 94s of the Wisconsin statutes of 1898 as amended by section 1 of chapter 7 of the laws of 1899, shall be amended by striking out in the seventh line thereof the words "justice of the supreme court or" and by adding at the end of said section one of chapter 7, the following: "In all cases of vacancy in the office of justice of the supreme court, the person appointed to fill such vacancy shall continue to hold his office until an election can be had in some year in which no other justice is elected pursuant to the constitution and laws of the state, and until his successor has been duly elected and qualified;" so that said section 94s shall in that event when so amended, read as follows:

Section 94s. In all cases of vacancy in the office of circuit judge or county judge, the election to fill such vacancy shall be held on the first Tuesday of April next after the vacancy shall happen, in case such vacancy shall happen twenty days before such day; and if no election shall then be held for such purpose, or if the vacancy shall happen within twenty days next before said first Tuesday, then the election shall be held on the first Tuesday of April next thereafter. In all cases of vacancy in the office of justice of the supreme court, the person appointed to fill such vacancy shall continue to hold his office until an election can be had in some year in which no other justice is elected pursuant to the constitution and laws of the state and until his successor has been duly elected and qualified.

Section 5. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage and publication.

Approved March 12, 1903.

Said election to be held and conducted, votes canvassed and returns made in accordance with law.

Given under my hand and official seal at the Capitol in the City of Madison, this 16th day of March, A. D. 1903.

{SEAL} W. L. HAUSER,
Secretary of State.

To the County Clerk of Oneida Co.

Election Tuesday.

Voters will remember that a Justice of the Supreme Court, a Judge of the 16th Judicial Circuit, a Municipal Judge, and aldermen and supervisors for each ward in the city are to be voted for Tuesday. The law bringing the office of supervisor into the election was passed by the legislature after the caucuses had been held and there was considerable scrambling necessary in order to file the nomination papers before the supervisors names could be placed on the ticket.

The voters are pretty well posted as to the qualifications of the different candidates and the New North will simply advise the selection of the best man for each office.

We all know Messrs. Silverthorne and Bump the candidates for Circuit Judge and we know Paul Browne the present Municipal judge.

Don't be cause this is a quiet election think your vote can be spared. Step to the polls and cast your ballot for the best man. A lack of interest is a bad thing at an election and every man should vote.

Vote for the constitutional amendment.

E. F. Darrow, who for several years has acted as agent for the "Soo" line at Prentice was discharged from the service of the company last week on the account of charges that had been made against him. Immediately after the news of Mr. Darrow's dismissal had been circulated a petition was made out and signed by all of the business men in Prentice asking that he be reinstated. The "Soo" officials were greatly influenced by this spirit of good feeling toward Mr. Darrow and he was again given back his position. E. F. at one time worked for the "Soo" people here and is one of the oldest men in their employ.

Andrew Carnegie will give $12,500 toward the erection of a $15,000 public library building at Antigo. The city will furnish $1500 a year for its maintenance.

The New North is late this week owing to delay in receiving the notices of election and begs the indulgence of its readers.

Houses For Sale.

The houses, sheds, outbuildings and all other property pertaining thereto, situated on the following described lots included in the lots purchased by the Soo R. R. Co., for division purposes are offered for sale.

Sealed bids for one or more of the same will be received until (12 o'clock) noon on Thursday April 2nd. All bids to be left at the office of the city clerk. Terms, cash. One half down and the balance May 1st 1903.

The committee reserves the right to reject any and all bids.

North 60 ft. of lot 1, block 9; south 60 ft. of lot, 2 block 9; lot 2, block 10; lot 3, block 10; lot 4, block 10; lot 5, block 10; lot six, block 10; lot 8, block 10; lot 9, block 10 and south 40 ft. of 10 block 10; north 20 ft lot 10, block 10; south 40 ft of 12, block 10; lot 11, block 10; north 20 feet of 12, block 10 and lot 13, block 10.

All in S. H. Alban's second addition to the city of Rhinelander.

RICHARD REED,
A. D. SUTTON,
FRANK DIVENS,
Committee.

DR. HOAG.

Dr. Hoag treats with unparalleled success all chronic nervous, skin, blood and surgical diseases upon the latest scientific principles. He particularly invites all whose cases have been neglected or unskillfully treated. The Doctor is a regular graduate and licensed BY STATE BOARD OF HEALTH, and will visit your city one day each month.

All Cases he undertakes Guaranteed

BE PARTICULARLY invites all whose cases have been neglected, badly treated or pronounced incurable, as the study of his profession life has been devoted to this class.

REMEMBER, he asks only those who have failed to get relief from their own physicians to call upon him for advice free and be cured of their diseases.

HE GIVES FREE consultation, for he positively refuses a compensation from an incurable case.

THE ASTONISHING success and remarkable cures performed by him are due to a thorough knowledge of the structure and functions of the human system, and the cure of diseases by natural remedies.

HE MAKES NO experiments, and employs only reason, science and proven facts, making no appeal to superstition and prejudice.

THE DOCTOR CURES among the long list of other chronic ailments, Paralysis, Spinal Curvatures, Contracted Tendons, Deafness and Blindness, following and dependent upon the Eruptive and other fevers by new and only correct principles.

HE CURES PARESIS OR BRAIN FAG which is marked by a dull heavy pain on top and back of the head; pains radiating from the spinal cord, hot and cold flashes, irregular action of the heart, indigestion, torpid liver, constipation, chest and kidney pains, frequent urination, dark spots and glimmers before the eyes, an indescribable misery across the center of the body etc.

DR. HOAG STAKES HIS HONOR and professional reputation upon the statement that he has discovered a speedy and positive cure for organic weakness, involuntary vital losses, with the long list of terrible penalties laid by nature for crimes against her most sacred and important laws, providing he is consulted before idiocy, insanity, raving fits, or total impotency results.

DO NOT DELAY, a week or month may place you beyond hope. The youth, middle aged and the old, suffering from the horrible blights caused by early errors or excesses of mature years take on good cheer, for restoration to perfect manhood is within reach.

EPILEPSY AND CATALEPSY cured by a new and never-failing method.

FREE EXAMINATION of the urine. Each person applying for consultation should send or bring an ounce of their urine for chemical and microscopical examination.

DR. HOAG is not to be classed with the ordinary traveling doctor. He travels because he is able to cure a class of lingering diseases that others can not. Your doctor who has unsuccessfully treated you is invited to call with you and talk over your case in your presence before he assumes to condemn Dr. Hoag, who claims to have arrived at results unknown to him heretofore.

CASES TREATED BY MAIL or express, but personal consultation much preferred. List of questions free.

Address

Dr. Chas. A. Hoag, 6302 Minerva Ave., Chicago, Ill.

At Rapids House,

RHINELANDER,

APRIL 10.

L. Emmerling.

FRESH AND SALT MEATS, FISH AND GAME.

Orders by Telephone promptly filled. We deliver to any part of the city.

Wisconsin Blue Grass Land Company

has the first choice of good farming land in Oneida and Vilas Counties.

PRICES LOW, EASY TERMS.

Special Inducements to Actual Settlers.

For maps and particulars write

Wisconsin Blue Grass Land Co.,
Rhinelander, Wis.

Office Shepard Building, next to First National Bank.

Blatz

MILWAUKEE.
"A BEER OF QUALITY"

The Choicest Hops and Barley Malt brewed under the immediate supervision of the most skilled masters of the brewers' art by the original and celebrated Blatz method are the unvarying means employed in producing Blatz Beers—Brews that are unequaled in this country today.

BLATZ MALT-VIVINE

(NON INTOXICATED)

TONIC for WEAK NERVES and WEAK BODIES

Druggists or Direct

VAL. BLATZ BREWING CO., MILWAUKEE

Sold only in Rhinelander at

"ONEIDA" SAMPLE ROOM,

JAMES WILSON, Prop.

All Sorts of Pencils

When Found Make a Note of

was a remark frequently made by a famous character of Dicken's. And to make noted you must have

PENCILS

and note pads and rubbers.

We can supply these things of the finest qualities at prices which are really low.

All grades and styles are here. Some suitable for the office, some for the schools and others for the home. We invite inspection.

C. D. BRONSON.

El. Leland has left the employ of the "Soo" road. Mr. Leland worked at the depot here as baggageman for some time, resigning only a few months ago to accept a position as brakeman on the passenger run between this city and Gladstone. At present he has laid no plans for the future, but will doubtless continue to reside in Rhinelander.

Two men with wickedness in their hearts came together Sunday forenoon in front of the Kentucky store and the aftermath of the encounter resulted in one of the men being thrown through a big plate glass window that helped separate the net goods from the street. The fracas stood the men in $80 which covered the amount of the damage.

Thomas Keenan returned to his home in this city Monday after a long absence spent in the state of Minnesota, in the vicinity of Hibbing and Bernidji. Tom says that he will remain in Rhinelander now for awhile as it is the best town he has struck since he left.

Dr. and Mrs. Stewart and little neice, Miss Bessie LaPres, arrived in the city last Saturday for a visit with Mr. and Mrs. LaPres and family, near the Curran school. Dr. Stewart went to Chatonville and New London, Monday morning on a business visit.

Henry Cushman and Jas. Hanchett are doing a splendid business in the manufacture of soft drinks at Ladysmith. The gentlemen have worked up a wide reputation and their product is on sale at every town on the "Soo" both east and west of Ladysmith.

Thomas O'Hare Jr. left Friday for Wausau where he will again enter the Northern hospital. Tom left the institution some months ago, greatly improved but during his stay here he has failed rapidly and it was thought best that he return.

CALUMET BAKING POWDER

Perfect in quality.
Moderate in price.

STATE OF WISCONSIN COUNTY COURT, FOR ONEIDA COUNTY:
In the matter of the estate of Charles F. Ball, deceased.

In Probate.

Notice is hereby given that the claims and demands of all persons against Charles F. Ball, deceased, late of the town of Hazelhurst in said county will be received, examined and adjusted by the county court of Oneida county, at the regular terms of said court, to be held at the county court room in the city of Rhinelander in and for said county, on the first Tuesday of September and on the first Tuesday of October A. D., 1903.

Also, that six months from and after the 27 day of March A. D. 1903, is the time limited for creditors of said Charles F. Ball, deceased, to present their claims to said court for examination and allowance.

Dated March 27, 1903.

By order of the Court.

41-a7-23 LEVI J. BILLINGS, County Judge.

CIRCUIT COURT, ONEIDA COUNTY.

W. D. Harrigan and J. M. Harrigan, Plaintiffs.
vs.
H. C. Johnson, Ella Johnson, his wife, and Cora Anna Wheaton, a infant over 14 years of age, Defendants.

The State of Wisconsin, to the said defendants, and each of them:

You are hereby summoned to appear within twenty days after service of this summons, exclusive of the day of service, and defend the above entitled action in the court aforesaid; and in case of your failure so to do, judgment will be rendered against you according to the demand of the complaint; of which a copy is herewith served upon you.

JOHN BARNES,
Plaintiffs Attorney.

P. O. Address, Rhinelander, Oneida Co., Wis.

The summons and complaint in the above entitled action were filed in the office of the clerk of the circuit court of Oneida county November 7, 1902.

JOHN BARNES,
Attorney for Plaintiffs.

61-m 19-a 23

Timber Land. Act June 3, 1878.—Notice for Publication.

United States Land Office,
Wausau, Wisconsin,
March 28, 1903.

Notice is hereby given that in compliance with the provisions of the act of Congress of June 3, 1878, entitled "An act for the sale of timber lands in the states of California, Oregon, Nevada and Washington Territory," as extended to all the public land states by act of August 4, 1892, Clara Dusel of Rhinelander, county of Oneida, state of Wisconsin, has this day filed in this office her sworn statement No. 229, for the purchase of the NE¼ NW¼ of Section No. 17 in Township No. 37 N, Range No. 11 E, and will offer proof to show that the land sought is more valuable for its timber or stone than for agricultural purposes, and to establish her claim to said land before the Register and Receiver of this office at Wausau, Wisconsin, on Thursday, the 11th day of June, 1903.

He names as witnesses: D. E. Briggs, Everett Towne, George Dusel and Otto Krantz, all of Rhinelander, Wisconsin.

Any and all persons claiming adversely the above-described lands are requested to file their claims in this office on or before said 11th day of June, 1903.

JOHN W. MILLER,
Register.

10t-a24

Wood For Sale.

For sale cheap in large or small quantities, dry 16 inch and 4 foot wood. Inquire at Rice & Thrall's office.

C. & N.-W. R'y Time Tables

SOUTH BOUND DEPART.

No. 2—10.44 a. m. ——— Daily, except Sunday
No. 4—11:15 p. m. ——— Daily
No. 30—4:15 p. m. ——— Sunday only

NORTH BOUND ARRIVE.

No. 17—1:32 p. m. ——— Daily, except Sunday
No. 11—3:59 a. m. ——— Daily
No. 21—2:30 p. m. ——— Sunday only

H. C. BRIGGS, Agent

LOCAL TIME TABLES.

Chicago, St. Paul & Sault Ste. Marie R'y

EAST BOUND.

Atlantic Limited ——— 1:55 a. m. Daily

WEST BOUND.

Pacific Limited ——— 1:25 a. m. Daily
Accommodation ——— 7:00 a. m. Dex. Sun.

Soo Line trains arrive and depart from C. M. & St. Paul depot in Minneapolis and Union depot, St. Paul, on and after Nov. 19, 1902.

Close connections for Tomahawk, Eau Claire, Duluth, Marinette, Menominee, Wausau, Stevens Point, Madison, Chicago and beyond and all points on Wisconsin Central Ry.

E. P. TOMPKINS, Agent.

CIRCUIT COURT, ONEIDA COUNTY.

Pelican Boom Company, a corporation, Plaintiff,
vs.
John Goddin, Defendant.

The State of Wisconsin, to the said defendants, and each of them:

You are hereby summoned to appear within twenty days after summons, exclusive of the day of service, and defend the above entitled action in the court aforesaid; and in case of your failure so to do, judgment will be rendered against you according to the demand of the complaint; of which a copy is herewith served upon you.

JOHN BARNES,
Plaintiff's Attorney.

P. O. Address, Rhinelander, Oneida, Co., Wis.

The summons and complaint in the above entitled action were filed in the office of the clerk of the circuit court of Oneida county, Wisconsin. JOHN BARNES,

61-a26-A2 Attorney for Plaintiff.

Notice For Publication.

Department of the Interior,
Land Office at Wausau, Wis.,
March 31, 1903.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Clerk of Circuit Court at Rhinelander, Wis., on May 8, 1903, viz: Louis C. Miller of Rhinelander, Wis., who made H. E. No. 8929, for the W ½ NW¼ and SE¼ NW¼ Sec. 18, Tp. 36, R. 10 E.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: Andrew McNabb, William McNabb, Julius Butz and William Kaickreha all of Rhinelander, Wis.

JOHN W. MILLER,
Register.

6t-a2-m7-p

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.
DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR,
LAND OFFICE AT WAUSAU, WIS.,
March 7, 1903.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Clerk of Circuit Court at Rhinelander, Wisconsin, on May 5, 1903, viz: Otto Forpahl who made H. E. No. 8478, for the S E¼ N W¼ Sec. 20, Tp. 35 N, R. 10 E.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: Joseph Feuerstein, Karl Haase, Julius Kussman and Gust. Kussman, all of Pelkan Lake, Wis.

JOHN W. MILLER,
Register.

p-6t-m12-a16

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.
DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR,
LAND OFFICE AT WAUSAU, WIS.,
March 2, 1903.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Clerk of the Circuit Court at Rhinelander, Wis., on April 11, 1903, viz: John C. Small, who made H. E. 7822 for the E ½ SW¼ NW¼ SE¼ and SW¼ NE¼ Sec. 31, Tp. 38 N, R. 11 E.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: William Daniels and B. N. Moran of Rhinelander, Wis.; Thomas Donahue and Jerry Grant of Three Lakes, Wis.

JOHN W. MILLER,
Register.

6t-M. 5 A. 9

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.
DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR,
LAND OFFICE AT WAUSAU, WIS.,
March 21, 1903.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim and that said proof will be made before the clerk of circuit court at Rhinelander, Wis., on May 2, 1903, viz: Stanberry Witherow of Tomahawk Lake, Wis., who made H. E. No. 10701 for the Government lots 4, 5 and 7, Sec. 15, Tp. 38, R. 7 East.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: Geo. Anderson of Rhinelander, Wis.; H. J. Sparks, Martin Johnson and Charles Eberd of Tomahawk Lake, Wis.

JOHN W. MILLER,
Register.

61-m26-a30

Timber Land, Act June 3, 1878.—Notice for Publication.

United States Land Office,
Wausau, Wis., Jan. 26, 1903.

Notice is hereby given that in compliance with the provisions of the act of Congress of June 3, 1878, entitled "An act for the sale of timber lands in the states of California, Oregon, Nevada and Washington Territory," as extended to all the public land states by act of August 4, 1892, Louis Stumpner, of Rhinelander, county of Oneida, state of Wisconsin, has this day filed in this office his sworn statement No. 246, for the purchase of the NE¼ NW¼ of Section No. 12 in Township No. 37 N, Range No. 11 E, and will offer proof to show that the land sought is more valuable for its timber or stone than for agricultural purposes, and to establish his claim to said land before the register and receiver of this office at Wausau, Wis., on Monday, the 6th day of April, 1903.

He names as witnesses: Ed Briggs, George Dusel, Peter Osborne, Henry Krause, all of Rhinelander, Wis.

Any and all persons claiming adversely the above-described lands are requested to file their claims in this office on or before said 6th day of April, 1903.

JOHN W. MILLER,
Register.

10t-J29-Apr

Notice of Judicial Election.

STATE OF WISCONSIN }
ONEIDA COUNTY. } ss.

Notice is hereby given, that at the Judicial Election to be held in the several towns, wards, villages and election districts of the county of Oneida, on the first Tuesday in April, A. D. 1903, being the seventh day of said month, the following officers are to be elected, to-wit:

A JUSTICE OF THE SUPREME COURT, in the place of Honorable Charles V. Barbeau, whose term of office will expire on the first Monday in January, 1904.

A CIRCUIT JUDGE FOR THE SIXTEENTH CIRCUIT, consisting of the counties of Lincoln, Marathon, Oneida, Vilas in the place of Honorable W. C. Silverthorn, whose term of office will expire on the first Monday in January, A. D. 1904.

A JUDGE OF THE MUNICIPAL COURT of the county of Oneida in place of Paul Browne, whose term of office will expire on the first Monday of May, 1903.

Said election to be held and conducted, votes canvassed and returns made in accordance with law.

Given under my hand and official seal, at Rhinelander, in Oneida county, this 21st day of February, A. D. 1903.

Dated at Rhinelander, Wis., Feb. 26, 1903.

WM. W. CANN,
County Clerk.

Timber Land, Act June 3, 1878.—Notice for Publication.

United States Land Office,
Wausau, Wis., February 19, 1903.

Notice is hereby given that in compliance with the provisions of the act of Congress of June 3, 1878, entitled "An act for the sale of timber lands in the States of California, Oregon, Nevada and Washington Territory," as extended to all the Public Land States by act of August 4, 1892, Lorenzo Lee, of Three Lakes, county of Oneida, state of Wisconsin, has this day filed in this office his sworn statement No. 235, for the purchase of the SE¼ NW¼ of Section No. 3 in Township No. 36, Range No. 11 E, and will offer proof to show that the land sought is more valuable for its timber or stone than for agricultural purposes, and to establish his claim to said land before the Register and Receiver at this office at Wausau, Wis., on Friday, the first day of May, 1903.

He names as witnesses: E. Ball, A. Hamilton, W. Singer and H. Nelmaldi, all of Monico, Wis.

Any and all persons claiming adversely the above-described lands are requested to file their claims in this office on or before said first day of May, 1903.

JOHN W. MILLER,
Register.

101-f26-a30

Stops the Cough.

Laxative Bromo-Quinine tablets cure a cold in one day. No cure no pay. Price 25 cents.

Tired Out

"I was very poorly and could hardly get about the house. I was tired out all the time. Then I tried Ayer's Sarsaparilla, and it only took two bottles to make me feel perfectly well."
Mrs. N. S. Swinney, Princeton, Mo.

Tired when you go to bed, tired when you get up, tired all the time. Why? Your blood is impure. You are living on the border line of nerve exhaustion. You need Ayer's Sarsaparilla.

$1.00 a bottle. All druggists.

Ask your doctor what he thinks of this grand old family medicine. Follow his advice and we will be satisfied.

Take Ayer's Pills with the Sarsaparilla. They act on the liver, cure biliousness, headache, constipation.

J. C. AYER CO., Lowell, Mass.

DOCTOR SECRIST

THE SPECIALIST,

late from the most celebrated hospitals of Berlin, Germany, and Paris, France.

NO PAY
Until Cured

New Method Treatment

In All Chronic Diseases

Consultation Sacredly Confidential, Examination and Advice Free.

DR. SECRIST

WILL VISIT

RHINELANDER AT RAPIDS HOUSE

Saturday, April 18,

after 1 P. M. and every four weeks thereafter for one day only.

The doctor's wonderful power of diagnosis, greatest of all gifts enables him to determine the causes of chronic ailments and to apply remedies which effect certain, speedy and permanent cures.

NO PAY UNTIL CURED.

X-Ray examinations in appropriate cases upon reasonable notice.

HOPE FOR THE AFFLICTED.

Many hundred of sufferers pronounced by other physicians as hopelessly incurable, have been restored to health by Dr. Secrist.

Letters of endorsement from many prominent clergymen and hundreds of grateful patients are on file in his office.

The doctor has devoted much time and attention in the FRENCH HOSPITALS to the study of all

SPECIAL DISEASES OF MEN,

and has imported many special medicines and appliances necessary to effect certain cures in the worst cases of PHYSICAL WEAKNESS, VARICOCELE, IMPOTENCY, NERVOUS DEBILITY, Etc., caused by youthful errors, night losses, general dissipation, improper treatment and neglect.

The doctor will forfeit $500 where a cure is guaranteed and I not effected.

KIDNEY AND BLADDER diseases treated by new and eminently successful methods.

CATARRH in all its various forms; positive prompt and permanent cures always effected.

CLUB FEET, cross eyes and all other deformities treated with special care and unfailing success.

NERVOUS DISEASES, Epilepsy and diseases of the blood and skin always yield to the doctor's modern method of treatment.

PILES cured permanently without detention from business and without the use of the knife.

LUNG TROUBLES receive careful attention, and are always treated successfully, when not too long neglected.

DELAY IS DANGEROUS—Those who are chronically ailing should lose no time in consulting a special physician whose reputation or skill is so well and widely known.

Special attention given to

DISEASES PECULIAR TO WOMEN.

No unnecessary exposure. No examination. No sacrifice of modesty. The doctor does not publish his patients' names except with their full consent and approval. English, French and German spoken. Address

DR. H. O. SECRIST,
CHICAGO AND MILWAUKEE.

Address all mail to Milwaukee office, N. E. Cor. Wisconsin and E. Water Sts. Second floor, over C. M. & St. P. Ry. City Ticket office. Elevator at E. Water St. Entrance opposite Pabst Building. Established 1880.

J. R. McDONALD,
Boot and Shoe Repairing.

Rubber Heels and Soles Applied.

WORK GUARANTEED SATISFACTORY

Driving and Cruising Boots and Shoes Made to Order.

CHARGES REASONABLE.
Opposite Fuller House, Stevens Street, Rhinelander, Wis.

LAW,
REAL ESTATE,
LOANS,
INSURANCE.

The above lines are covered at the agency of

PAUL BROWNE.

Bits of Local Gossip

Mrs. D. Dalgle was up from Monico Friday.

Claude Bennett was down from Arbor Vitae last Friday.

Mrs. Frank Jillson of Monico was the guest of friends here Friday.

James Harrigan came up from Milwaukee last Saturday.

S. G. Hall of Bear Creek was a Monday caller in the city.

J. P. Hansen, the leading clothier in Rhinelander.

For sale mill team. Inquire at Rice & Thrall's office.

An attraction that will crowd the Armory April 21st.

Rev. Babcock of St. Augustine's church conducted services at Eagle River Tuesday.

Mrs. T. B. Mcladoe returned Friday morning from a several days visit in Milwaukee.

The ladies of St. Augustine's Guild met yesterday afternoon at the home of Mrs. C. C. Bronson.

Miss Sadie Hamilton is down from her school at Lac du Flambeau spending the vacation.

Miss Jennie McDermott, of this office, spent Saturday and Sunday at her home in Merrill.

W. A. Hall of Minneapolis travelling auditor for the "Soo" line, has been in city several days of this week.

Will Garland, who teaches in the school at Pratt Junction, is spending his week's vacation here with his people.

John Walsh of Wausau transacted business in Rhinelander Monday and Tuesday. He has a number of friends here.

Sam Walters is again at work sawing wood with his power saw, after being laid up for some time with rheumatism.

Alex. Lindegren and family who have spent the winter with relatives in Sweden have started on their homeward trip.

Mrs. John Barnes and sister Mrs. Jennie K. Dean went to Minneapolis Saturday morning where they are spending the week.

W. G. Foss, one of Tomahawk's leading business men and a prominent lumberman, was a guest at the Rapids House last Friday.

Mrs. Mustard returned to her home at Pelican Lake Friday morning after spending a few days the guest of the Russel family on the south side.

Miss Winnie Joslin, who is attending the state Normal at Oshkosh, arrived home last Saturday to spend the spring vacation at her home.

Bob Livingston, one of the of the old time woods foremen in the employ of Brown Bros., has finished his winter's work and is spending a few days in the city with friends.

FOR RENT—Two new roomy dwelling houses in the Sixth ward, will be rented on reasonable terms. Location near St. Mary's Hospital. Inquire of Brown Bros.' Lbr. Co. n12-tf

Miss Anna Plunkett and little brother Roy returned Saturday from a week's visit with their sister at Crandon. Miss Anna left Sunday night for Monico to resume her teaching.

John O'Hare came down from Hazelhurst Saturday night and spent Sunday here at his home on the south side. John holds a position as filer in the planing mill of the Yawkey Lumber Co.

The Misses Bertha Sweet, Margaret Plunkett, Nettie LaPres and Ida Gregor, four of the young lady clerks in the employ of Crusoe & Co., have been off duty part of the week, all suffering with la grippe.

Now's the time to take Rocky Mountain Tea; it drives out the microbes of winter; it builds up the stomach, kidneys and liver. A wonderful spring tonic that makes sick people well. J. J. Reardon.

Alfred Klock of Antigo Sundayed with friends here.

A notable event at the Armory you'll hear about it next week.

Miss Ethel LaSelle returned Saturday from a shopping trip in Minneapolis.

Miss Carrie Hull was up from Pelican Lake over Sunday the guest of friends.

Harry Prior and Ed. Hora returned Friday evening from a few days visit at Tony and Ladysmith.

Miss Margaret Shelton entertained a number of her friends at a party last Friday afternoon.

John Masterson, left for his home at Merrill Thursday of last week, after spending several days here among his friends.

Jerry O'Conner, the "Soo" line road master, is again back at his duties after having been ailing with la grippe for over a week.

John Jennings has been laid up during the past week suffering with throat trouble. John is the clerk at Dunn's south side grocery.

Miss Nellie O'Shea returned Saturday morning to her home in Chicago after spending a few days here the guest of her uncle, Jas. Gleason.

Miss Leila Fairchilds of Crandon was in Rhinelander Sunday visiting among friends. Miss Fairchilds is a teacher in the public schools there.

Miss Mary McRae is spending the week here with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Alex McRae. She is attending Lawrence University at Appleton.

John Jones who at one time was employed by H. Zander, the tailor here, has opened up a tailoring establisment in Coeur D'Alene, Idaho.

Mrs. and Mrs. Emmet Lange of Antigo arrived in the city Thursday to spend a few days at the home of Mrs. Lange's sister, Mrs. Antoine Rheaume.

Miss May McDonald arrived in the city the fore part of the week for a visit with her mother and brother on Anderson street. Miss McDonald is attending the Stevens Point Normal

Theodore Treleven, traveling representative for Swift & Co., the meat men, was in the city the fore part of the week. Mr. Treleven at one time worked in the office of Armour & Co., here.

St. Mary's parochial school did not not close Friday for the Spring vacation as did the public schools. The children will not have their vacation until the last week in Lent which is holy week.

Luther Wheeler, head man in the office of the Yawkey Lumber Co., at Hazelhurst, was in the city several days of last week in attendance at the County Board meeting. He returned to Hazelhurst Friday.

For a clear skin, clear all the way through, transparent enough to let in sunshine—rosy cheeks show through—take Rocky Mountain Tea. This month, spring time. 35 cents.

J. J. Reardon.

Miss Anna Pick, who for years has made her home with Mrs. L. Cleary at the Alpine hotel, leaves Monday for Bismark, N. D. where she will make her future home. Miss Pick's departure is regretted by all of her friends here.

Mrs. Ben Ganther was down from Lac du Flambeau on a shopping expedition Friday. Mrs. Ganther, with her husband, is engaged in the hotel business at Flambeau. They run a first-class place and have a good run of patronage.

Jas. White and Mrs. M. E. Thompson and daughter Clara of Eagle River were in Rhinelander last Friday. Saturday morning, Mrs. Thompson and daughter, departed over the "Soo" line for the west, where they will reside.

Otto Bock, one of the prosperous Oneida county farmers, and a member of the county board, attended the session of that body held here last week. Otto has a fine farm with several acres under cultivation in the vicinity of Three Lakes.

H. R. Messer of Laona was a Saturday visitor here.

Alex. Cobban went to Eagle River on business Thursday.

Mike Kearns was at Wausau on official business Friday.

Miss Helen Alban returned Saturday from her visit south.

D. M. Hyde of Appleton transacted business here during the week.

Dr. Welch made a professional call at Woodboro Monday morning.

Mrs. C. H. O'Conner left Friday morning for a visit in Minneapolis.

Mr. and Mrs. S. Kelley went down to Pelican Lake Thursday morning.

Fix the date in your mind—April 21 at the Armory; watch the papers.

Andy Bolger and sister were down from Minocqua the fore part of the week.

Mrs. James Baker spent a few days of this week in the city with her husband.

Miss Abbott, who spent last week at her home in this city, has returned to Eagle River.

J. T. Hagen spent the first of the week at Woodboro looking after his business interests.

Mrs. R. F. Tompkins and little son are spending the week with Minneapolis friends.

James Alderson of Escanaba, Mich., an employee of the "Soo" line was a Sunday visitor in Rhinelander.

Mrs. Harry Ashton returned Sunday morning from a visit of several days in Minneapolis and St. Paul.

Miss Edith Kelley left last week for Washburn where she has accepted a position in a leading millinery store.

Mr. and Mrs. D. E. Briggs went to Milwaukee and Chicago Sunday night where they will spend the week sight seeing.

Mrs. D. Kirk left Monday for Saginaw, Flint and Detroit, Mich., where she will visit with friends and relatives for several weeks.

D. J. Cole was a visitor in Chicago a few days of last week, where he went on business connected with his large mercantile enterprise here.

"Curley" Phelps expects to leave in the course of a few weeks for the south where he will file in the saw mill of a firm now operating there.

Rev. J. W. Johnson and wife of the Swedish Lutheran church leave tomorrow morning for Ogema, Price county, where they will assist at a Swedish bazar.

Mrs. E. M. Kemp and daughter Frances, and friend Miss Stevens, arrived in the city Saturday morning after spending the winter in Chicago and points in Indiana.

Frank Leonard, fireman on the "Soo" road between Gladstone and Sault St. Marie, spent Monday in the city among friends. He makes Gladstone his headquarers.

Dr. E. H. Keith and Fred Moore attended the funeral of E. L. S. Anderson at Wausau, Sunday. Both gentlemen were old friends of the deceased. Mr. Moore says that the funeral was large one.

Leo Barnes, who has been attend- the Northern Indiana Normal school at Valparaiso, returned home Wednesday morning. Leo has finished his course of study there.

Open the door, let in the air,
The winds are sweet, the flowers are fair,
Joy is abroad in the world for me,
Since taking Rocky Mountain Tea

J. J. Reardon.

J. C. McDonald came down from Hazelhurst Saturday after having put in the winter in the employ of the Yawkey Lumber Co. Mr. McDonald will spend several weeks here as he has a homestead near the city limits.

Billy Doe of Mercer was in the city Sunday. Billy is one of the old time guides on the Turtle and Manitowish waters. He is also in the resort business at Mercer and is preparing for the fishing season which will be lively.

J. W. White of Eagle River spent Friday here on business.

Edward and Will Gorsky of Eagle River spent Friday and Saturday in the city.

Hugh Helmer, the clerk at J. P. Hanson's store, has been quite ill the past week.

The Ladies Aid Society of the Congregational church met yesterday at Mrs. C. R. Lee's.

Matt Stapleton and his head woods man Wm Kuckrehm, went to Monico yesterday morning.

Charles Ball of Armstrong Creek, a former Rhinelander High school boy, was in the city yesterday.

N. A. Coleman, Eagle River's prominent attorney, transacted legal business in Rhinelander, Saturday.

Mr. and Mrs. H. Baxtrum are rejoicing over the arrival of a ten pound boy who came last Friday.

C. R. Lee has disposed of his residence property on Dahl street to R. C. Dayton of the Wisconsin Veneer Co.

E. B. Walters of the Review and his wife drove over from Eagle River Sunday to spend the day among friends.

Miss Ella Edwards, who is attending the Northwestern Academy at Ashland is spending the week here with her mother.

Frank Morrill arrived in the city yesterday after spending the winter in the woods working for one of the big logging concerns.

Arthur Riley has moved his family back to Rhinelander. He has tried other places but comes back satisfied that this is the best place to live in after all.

Mrs. B. S. Woodford, mother of Mrs. E. S. Shepard, who has been quite ill is reported to be improving. This is pleasant news to the lady's many friends.

Clayton Broulette, who went with his parents last fall to reside in Minneapolis, arrived in the city yesterday morning for a short visit among friends.

Miss Olive McDonald came up from Appleton where she is attending the Lawrence University Tuesday afternoon to spend the short vacation with her people.

E. S. Shepard and son Layton went to Milwaukee Tuesday night on a business trip. They will remain until Saturday in order to see President Roosevelt who visits the city on Friday.

Miss Lulu Raymond gave a recital at Crandon Friday evening which was attended by a large and appreciative audience. She was assisted on the piano by Miss Florence Wilson daughter of Rev. and Mrs. A. G Wilson.

Rev. Wolf of the Free Methodist church will be absent next Sunday. On that day he will organize a Sunday school class at Woodrooof. He will also organize classes at Monico and in the Town of Pelican later in the week.

Web. Brown, Jr., went to Wausau last Saturday for a short visit. He returned Tuesday afternoon on a fine saddle horse which he purchased from Jud Alexander. The animal is of blooded stock and is highly prized by the new owner.

Andy J. Wilson has moved his family to New London, where he has been holding down a good position in the mill of the Meikeljohn & Hatten Lumber Co. Mr. Wilson and his family are among the oldest residents of Rhinelander.

The many friends of Mrs. Theodore Johnson surprised her last Saturday, it being her 49th birthday. They presented her with a handsome rocking chair also an easel and sofa cushion. Refreshments were served and an enjoyable time was had. All went away wishing Mrs. Johnson many happy returns.

The High School Minstrels and play given in the auditorium of the high school last Thursday evening were well attended and proved first-class performances in every respect. The proceeds amounted to over seventy dollars. Lack of space forbids us giving the extended mention which it deserves.

Geo. Marks, formerly superintendent of the Oneida county poor farm, called among acquaintances in the city Thursday. Mr. Marks is now living on and owns a fine farm near Barron. He makes a specialty of raising blooded stock and has a number of valuable milch cows.

Sunday was a busy day for the trainmen of the "Soo" line. The freight traffic of the road on that day was heavy and especially so from this city. Ninety-two loads left the yards here for points east and west This fact shows that the road is enjoying a freight business which at this season of the year is very heavy

April fifth is Palm Sunday.

Alex Cobban went to Conover this morning.

R. C. Wasserburger is down from Minocqua today.

Frank Parker went north on this afternoon's passenger train.

J. A. Cushman thanks his friends for the donations so kindly volunteered last week.

Mr. and Mrs. A. W. Shelton entertained their falends at a dinner party Monday evening.

John Byrnes of Antigo, a passenger brakeman on the North-Western road, spent Sunday here.

"Frenchie" announces that he has got some of the best coffee on the market at his restaurant in the Oneida House.

Hugh Bartlett, a switchman in the North-Western yards at Ironwood, Mich., spent several days of this week in the city visiting friends.

A peanut social was given last evening at the home of Mrs. Knister by the young people of the M. E. church. It was well attended.

J. P. Cleary, who is engaged in the wholesale liquor business at Escanaba, Mich., is in the city today calling on his friends and customers.

Rev. C. W. Palmer, the celebrated evangelist, will deliver the sermon at the Baptist church Sunday morning. All are invited to attend the services.

Joseph Grossman, a young man twenty-two years of age residing at Monico, died Tuesday after a lingering illness with consumption. The funeral was held today at that place.

Miss Mae Michaud returned Sunday from a several week's visit at her home in Iron River, Mich. She has again entered the employ of the Mutual Telephone Co. as "hello" girl.

Miss Lilla Vetting arrived in the city last Friday evening from Hazelhurst, where she has been teaching school. She will spend the spring vacation with relatives and friends here.

Chas. E. Crusoe & Co., have gotten out announcements of their spring opening the dates being April 2, 3, 4. The store pesents a very pretty appearance and a large force of clerks is employed.

Mrs. E. G. Squier departed Monday morning for Stillwater, Minn., where she will spend a week visiting with her friends Mr. and Mrs. Young. Mrs. Young was formerly Miss Jennie Nims of this city.

The ladies of the Baptist church society will hold a sale of fancy and useful articles at the residence of D. B. Stevens Saturday afternoon, April 11th. Maple syrup and warm biscuits will be served.

W. Stewart left for Antigo Monday where he will engage in the business of laying cement walks. He has associated himself with a Manitowoc man of experience and expects to do well along the new line.

Wm. Knickrehm left today for the upper peninsula of Michigan where he will spend some time looking over timber land for the Inter State Timber Land Co., in which Matt Stapleton and John Barnes of this city are interested.

D. B. McMasters returned Friday morning from a short business visit in Minneapolis. Mr. McMasters leaves shortly for his home at Valley Junction He has lived in Rhinelander for some time, having held a position as cashier at the "Soo" depot.

Francis Ulrich, who has been cooking for Langley & Alderson in Oxen Ryan's camp near Star Lake during the winter, came down Tuesday night for a few day's visit among his many friends. Francis will cook for the company at the same camp during the summer.

Samuel Hill an expert wagon maker of Chippewa Falls, arrived yesterday and has entered the employ of John Ross the King street blacksmith. Mr. Ross will devote considerable time to the wood working end of his business this summer. He has orders for wagons already on file.

Charles Conrad from Ridgeland, this state, has accepted a position with the "Soo" line as cashier at the depot here in place of B. D. McMasters, who formerly filled the place. Mr. Conrad is a very pleasant appearing man and will no doubt make many friends during his residence here.

CRUSOE'S Dept. Store

Fourth Annual Spring Opening Thursday, Friday and Saturday. THIS WEEK.

The Crowds are Coming Daily. We hope every lady will come—everyone in the city and vicinity and all her relations—the bigger the crowds, the better. Immensely attractive showings of new spring merchandise. Gorgeous decorations and handsome window displays—alone worth a trip to store.

SOUVENIRS

C. E. Crusoe & Co

Reardon's Carbolic Salve.

A Scientific combination of Antiseptic and Healing Remedies.

COSTS HALF AS MUCH

as the advertised "Salves" and "Ointments" with double their healing value. A liberal size bottle for 10c, double the size for 15c. Try it for any skin trouble.

If you live in any of the small towns adjacent to Rhinelander send to me for your drug wants. All orders shipped on first train. Two cent stamps accepted as cash for mail orders.

J. J. REARDON,
RHINELANDER' WIS.

GRAND OPERA HOUSE.
RHINELANDER, WIS.

Saturday, April 4th.

Gideon's Big Minstrels
Matinee and Night

The Grandest and Best Negro organization now before the American Public.

ALL THE OLD FAVORITIES

Skinner Harris, Marvelous LaShe, Harry Waltess, Dan Desdames and thirty other minstrel kings. Bigger and better than ever.

Don't fail to see the

BIG STREET PARADE AT NOON.

Matinee for Ladies and Children at 2:30 p. m.
Night Prices, 25, 35 and 50 cents. Matinee Prices, 10 and 25 cents.

THE NEW SPRING GOODS
Have Arrived.

SEE THE EASTER DISPLAYS.

The splendid patterns in Silk Oxfords at 65 cents per yard will not last long here. They have already caught and held the attention of every lady visitor.

The New White Goods Line

is far beter than we ever showed before and embraces designs that will satisfy the most exacting lady.

FANCY LINE OF GLOVES

for ladies. See them. We sell the gloves at prices from 50 cents up.

UMBRELLAS AND PARASOSL.

The fancy colored kind that were so popular last year and decidedly "in it" this year. We have just received a new line ranging in price as high as $7.00 each. The line is unquestionably the finest ever shown in Rhinelander.

SOLBERG & KOLDEN.

THE OLD RELIABLE

ROYAL BAKING POWDER

Absolutely Pure

THERE IS NO SUBSTITUTE

The Workingman's Suit

The Workingman is the man we want to interest—for we have the kind of clothes he wants. The few with "money to burn" will patronize the high priced tailors. The struggling poor man will, of necessity, stick to cheaply made cotton warp clothes. But the sensible, thrifty workingman wants well-made, durable, honest fabrics, stylishly designed, costing moderate prices for a suit, say $10, $12, $16 or $18. We had this line made especially for our workingmen patrons. Any of the grades will give perfect satisfaction; in fact—we guarantee it, and when we guarantee we stand by it. So, Mr. Workingman, you take no clothes risk here. See? Try us.

P. F. SEIBEL, Clothier.

Gideon's Minstrels at the Opera House April 4.

An Easter Joy

By ERIE WATERS

MADGE MORGAN sat alone in the fire-lighted sitting-room, just as she had come in from a walk. Alone—utterly alone!

Yesterday at the same hour she sat in the same chair; gazed at the glowing fire; saw around her the same familiar objects—the pictures so tastefully hung, each telling its story, not only of face or scene portrayed, but of precious associations, of far-lands visited, of sweet home-memories; the open piano across one corner; the ornaments on the mantel—delicate vases of dainty flowers, reflected in the mirror; the rich, soft colors of the rugs; bits of old-fashioned furniture, and newer easy-chairs scattered here and there; books and magazines on tables and shelves—all combining to make a beautiful room, though one scarcely knew why, for a subtle something, of individuality and love of beauty, made all harmonious.

Yesterday it was pleasant, and pleasing to her sight, in harmony with her thoughts; for was she not waiting for a footstep—waiting for one who filled her life, who made her joy? Today the house is the same; there is no perceptible difference in the perfectly ordered household, but for her it has no beauty; it is as colorless as a darkened room, for the light has gone out of her life.

Only that morning "all was well." He—her husband—had gone away, as was his habit occasionally, on a business journey, which took him out of the reach of letters and telegrams. Yet affection was strong in her heart. It had seemed unusually hard to part, and even baby's tiny hands had seemed to cling to his big fingers more closely than their wont.

"Take care of yourself, sweetheart," he said, in a tremulous voice, as though, strong man that he was, it was no easy task to say "good-by"—"I hope this is the last of these long journeys."

Later in the day she had gone out to make some little purchases, and coming back in a street car, had sat near two ladies whom she did not know. She could not avoid hearing their conversation, though scarcely noting what was said, until she heard her own and her husband's names.

"So Ralph Morgan did not marry Grace Girton after all; how was it?" said the younger woman. "I've been abroad so long that I've missed the home gossip. He was so much in love with her, we knew it was serious, and he was always at the house. She was such a pretty girl, too, it would have been such a suitable match."

"He claimed to be her brother's friend, but of course everyone knew that he was not the attraction," returned the other.

O women! women! little do you know the consequences of your lightly spoken words, your idle gossip. Surely, more charity, more sympathy, more tenderness would be shown, could the speakers imagine their victim within ear-shot. And are there not parts of the lives of others so exclusively their own, so sacred, that it is a want of delicacy even to guess at what their thoughts, feelings or relations may be?

"You say he is married," continued the first speaker; "do you know his wife?"

"No, and funny enough, I've never seen her, though we have exchanged calls. They say he would not have broken his engagement with Grace but for business losses. You know her father is not rich, and the wife has plenty of money, but is plain—a sensible little thing who fairly adores him."

"Then he married for money," replied her companion. "Well, I am surprised and disappointed in Ralph Morgan."

Madge never knew how she reached home—stunned and stupefied. Could it be true? Married for her money? How the words rang in her ears! She must try and think—if she could think—and remember. She had always cared for him. Could it be possible that he had not spoken the truth, that her very love had blinded her; that he had pitied her too, seeing how much she loved him? She remembered how lonely she had been when her parents died, and she was left alone in the dear old home. How grateful she had felt when friends were kind! How natural it had seemed to have that oldest friend of her childhood come often to the house! How many tastes they had in common; how easy it had been to look for his coming, to learn to need him! As the numbness passed off, horror came in its place; she was no longer a gentle woman, but one enraged, furious. She could almost find it in her heart to hate him—so to break her faith, her trust. O it could not be true! Surely they had been happy these two short years. She had begged to stay on in her own old home. She had never cared for money, or thought her independence unusual. His new business had flourished without aid from her capital. Everything had run smoothly, because she was loving and tactful, and unlike many girls, had, through the delicate health of her mother, early become an experienced housekeeper.

She had thought him happy, and if occasionally he was quiet and serious, she had supposed it some business worry, or blamed herself for dullness, for not being bright or clever enough to cheer him. Surely this horrible thing could not be true! But then again, those dreadful words rang in her ears with dull persistency—"married for her money"—blotting out every other thought. And "a plain little thing"—that was true, yet he had never appeared to think so. Into the depths of agony her warm, throbbing woman's heart was engulfed. If "love knows the meaning of grief," sister women can live in sympathy with the acute pangs of distress experienced at such an awakening—such a shattering of an idol set up in her heart. True, faithful love exists today, as it has even done, but the "mists of the mortal" are many, and the desire to make a good appearance quickly—to possess a well-appointed house and a full purse without effort, offers temptations to many a young man. She remembered hearing men say: "Oh, no, I would not marry for money, but I'll take precious good care not to fall in love except where money is." But those were merely words spoken in jest, or by men whom she knew to be worldly and selfish.

Slowly she left the fireside; wearily climbed the stair to enter the room, close the door, and think, and try to collect her scattered senses. She would not believe such things of her husband—her darling, her very life. Then the demon of jealousy never before awakened, arose. That "Grace," and she was beautiful, they said; but surely she had never loved him as she did. Naturally free from conceit, easily doubtful of any charm in herself, it was all too easy to believe.

"Oh, I might have known no one could like me for myself, blind fool that I have been!" she groaned. Her baby, sleeping in the nursery, was forgotten for the moment in the night of this anguish that oppressed her. The nurse had gone downstairs, and the little creature awakened crying. That appealing sound roused her, and, going to her, she took the baby in her arms, clasping her closely and crying passionately: "My baby, my baby! you are all I have now!" The child must have been conscious of a tragedy, and hushed her weeping to gaze affrighted in its mother's face.

Eyes may not look upon the heart-struggles of many a sufferer, and perhaps it is better so, or who could bear the knowledge of so much pain? 'Tis needless to dwell on the battle that was fought out in silence and alone, and with the bravery and dignity of a noble woman, and the proud reticence that makes a wife conceal her trials and heartaches. There, too, in the silence of her chamber, she looked for help and comfort where true help is to be found, trying to quiet her rebellious heart and gain patience. The servants merely thought their mistress lonely without the master, and when visitors came, she made an effort to seem more cheerful than usual, though an intimate and sympathetic friend would have detected an exaggeration in the mirth, the rapid speech and flushed cheek. There were moments when she said to herself: "It's all false—he will explain it." But those terrible words could not be forgotten—"A plain little thing"—"He married her for her money." How they burned into her brain! In the hushes of the night she heard them; in the darkness of the night she saw them, written in letters of fire. She would bear it as best she could till he came home. If this were true, she must leave him forever, and Baby—what of her? Oh, which way did duty and justice lie?

She grew white and thin with the struggle, and when an attack of grippe laid her aside, it was almost a relief to give up and endure physical discomfort. One morning when she was convalescent, and resting on a couch in the sunny sitting-room, the maid came to say that a lady wished to see her.

"I told her you had been ill, ma'am, but she said to say that she wants most particularly to see you, and begs you will see her for a few moments, if it will not tire you," said the maid.

"Very well, Jane, bring her in," listlessly answered the invalid. Those who loved her never called her plain; her eyes were beautiful; the whole face depended upon the expression, lighting up with every passing emotion; and the daintiness and perfect neatness of her dress was an added charm.

Into the room came a young woman radiant with health and beauty; with the happiest, sweetest face, bearing sunshine with her. Going quickly, impulsively, to the couch where the heart-stricken woman lay, and seizing her hand, she said:

"Thank you very much for seeing me. Will it tire you to talk a few moments? I am in town for a few days, and could not bear to go home without seeing Ralph's wife. They tell me that he is away in the wilds. I did not send in my name, because 'Mrs. Moore,' perhaps, is strange to you, but your husband must have mentioned Jack Moore and Grace Girton."

Ah! little did she know the agony that last name had caused her! "I see you hesitate; I don't believe he has mentioned either of us. Just like him, too—the dear old goose—because it was some one else's secret. So I must begin at the beginning." Here she stopped and poked up the pillows, drawing the wraps over the invalid's feet; wondering the while if illness alone had brought that sad look into her face. "You must know that Ralph was brother Will's best friend, so they were much together, and he was often at our house; in fact, I came in for some teasing on his account, and am afraid I let it pass to screen my own affairs. You see, Jack Moore and I had always cared for each other, but Jack never settled to anything, and father took a violent dislike to him, and forbade him to come to the house. He said he would have nothing to do with a man who could not prove himself enough of a man to work for a wife, and make a career for himself. I thought it awfully unkind of Daddy, though now I know he meant it in love for me. I was heartbroken, and one day when Ralph was waiting for Will, and said something kind, it all came out. I was so afraid that if no one took any interest in Jack, he would simply drift, and lose heart to struggle on. It was then that your husband proved what a noble friend a man can be. He sought Jack, whom he had known but slightly before, kept him with him a great part of the time, found out his best, cheered him—for he is of a nervous temperament, and easily discouraged, and, though very manly, dependent upon sympathy. He started him in business out west, instilling hope into him, and giving him an incentive to make a success of his life. Well, it's a long story, but it all came right at last. Jack is in a good business, successful beyond our wildest expectations—even Daddy is satisfied—and we have been married six months; and, oh! we are so happy, and all thanks to your Ralph. Though he has been so silent about out affairs, I soon guessed his secret, and knew that there had never been but one little woman in all the world for him."

Joy came into the heart of the wife, joy and shame—that she could have doubted for a moment one so noble. Strength came, too, and the woman, no longer listless, sat up on the couch and drew the girlish creature close to her, kissing her again and again. Tears fell, then came nervous laughter and smiles.

"You are not going now. Off with that hat and coat! You are going to stay to lunch and see our baby!" Then came an hour sacred to motherhood and baby-lovers, and Baby "behaved her prettiest," responding to the joy in two sweet faces.

It was Easter eve when Ralph returned to a home sweet with flowers, and breathing a tender welcome. Easter morning dawned bright and clear. The churches were glorious with music, and radiant with lovely flowers—types of the great truths they taught. No happier couple knelt in reverent, adoring thankfulness at God's altar that exquisite Easter morning than those two young souls. For them it was Eastertide, indeed; for in the heart of the wife was a resurrection, too, of what she had deemed a dead love, a dead faith and trust.—Chicago Advance.

" . . Again the dreadful words rang in her ears . . "

A Tree Canvas-Back.

A good story is told of John Astley, a fellow student with Sir Joshua Reynolds in London and in Rome. While walking in the Campagna Reynolds and some other students took off their coats; but for a long time nothing would persuade young Astley to take his off. At last he was prevailed on to do so, and the cause of his unwillingness to comply with the wishes of his friends was then revealed by an oil sketch of a waterfall painted on the back of the artist's waistcoat.—Youth's Companion.

Starvation Cure Is Rational.

The starvation cure is really one of the most rational modes of meeting some disorders of the system. Like every other procedure in therapeutics, its power for good has been very greatly exaggerated, but it has found a true and abiding position. Some few disorders of the digestive and other important organs arise from overfeeding. Such patients cannot be drugged into health. Strong purgatives do good, but abstention from 50 per cent. of the accustomed dietary does more good.

The Light That Failed.

Mrs. A.—When I was engaged to my husband he was the very light of my existence.

Mrs. D.—And now—?

Mrs. A.—The light goes out every night.—Brooklyn Life.

INSANITY IN THE CITIES.

The Strain Upon People in Business Life, Fast Living and Bad Air Killing Them.

Insanity in Chicago is on the increase, but only to the extent expected by the increase in the city's population and the changing of conditions here, says the Chicago Tribune.

Dr. D. R. Brower, professor of mental and nervous diseases in Rush and the Northwestern women's medical college, and author of the text-book on the subject of insanity, said: "Insanity thrives in urban communities. Great cities are the hotbeds of degeneracy. In New York the proportion of insane to the sane is one to 240. In Chicago it is one to 400. The rate is increasing in all great cities. Briefly, the reason is that in this day and age we are living too fast. Modern conditions of life are enfeebling. We live in flats in which all attention is paid to heating, none at all to ventilating. We come downtown in street cars in which the air is worse than that of the Black Hole of Calcutta. We bolt our meals, rush from one employment to another, take little or no time to sit down and pull ourselves together. Naturally in every great city the tendency is toward an increase of insanity. Such is the case in Chicago."

"Insanity increases in old and settled communities," said Dr. N. N. Moyer. "Chicago is reaching that stage in its development where we will reap some of the destructive effects of modern civilization. These effects are not seen in new communities for several reasons. First, it is not the sick, the lame nor the halt who emigrate. It is the young and vigorous. Persons of sound minds and sound bodies are not subject to insanity. Then as pioneers they live in an outdoor life, breathe plenty of fresh air, have few of the vices which abound in a great city, and altogether are those least liable to mental disorders. The state of Minnesota, for instance, is today a representative community of the pioneer class, and consequently a smaller proportion of insanity is found there than in any other state in the union. Chicago has passed out of the pioneer class and has reached the second and third generation descended from that sturdy race, and consequently we may now expect an increase in insanity. In every great city that has fully passed the formative period the ratio of insanity is about one to 240 of the population. Insanity will continue in Chicago until we have reached that ratio."

In Chicago the method of having a person declared insane and sent to an asylum is the same that it has been for years. All the cases come before the county judge, Judge Carter. There are two modes of inquiring into a person's sanity, either by a trial before a jury of six, or the judge can, if he so elects, rule that the examination shall be in chambers before the judge and two experts in insanity, appointed by himself. The latter method has less publicity than the jury trial, which, however, must be always resorted to where there is a contest in the case, and where there is some ground for the belief that the persons who bring the charge of insanity might have some ulterior motives in sending the alleged insane person away to an asylum.

AN UNLUCKY YEAR.

Some Figures Produced by the Superstitious Man to Prove 1903 a Hoodoo.

"If something terrible doesn't happen to the human race before the end of this year, I'm no true prophet," said the superstitious man, according to the Chicago Inter Ocean. "Fate has written it down just as plain as day and there's no way of dodging it.

"In the first place, the year 1903 contains a mighty bad combination of figures. If you take them separately and add them up you will find that the result will be 13, no matter which way you work it out.

"All right. You may laugh at me as far as I have gone, but wait until I produce some more facts. In the year 1903 there are three days in which the thirteenths of the month falls on Friday. The first was February 13, the next will be March 13, and the last will be November 13.

"Take a look at the calendar and find out how many previous years had this many Fridays which came on the thirteenth of the month. On the 13th of February I forgot myself and walked under a ladder on Madison street. Before I had gone half a block beyond that ladder I fell down and sprained my ankle.

"I am going to stay in the house all day on the 13th of March, and it's ten to one the house will catch fire.

"If figures count for anything this is the unluckiest year that old Father Time has presented to us in a mighty long while. It's a combination that can't be beat, and I'm just sailing around looking for trouble all the time."

High Prices in Mining Camp.

"Eggs are five cents apiece in Tonopah, Nevada's latest bonanza camp," said a man who has just returned from the west. "The only thing that is free out there is the air and that is fine." "How about the water?" was asked. "Water that is fit to drink costs two cents a gallon. It is pumped a distance of six miles by a primitive system of waterworks. Tonopah grocers sell potatoes by the pound, asking two and one-half and three cents for them. Butter is 65 cents a roll and oil 60 cents a gallon. Of course, these prices are not nearly so high as we paid in the Klondike during the excitement there a few years ago, but when one considers that Tonopah is in the heart of one of the states they are exceptional. Lack of transportation facilities is the reason for it, but the camp is so rich that it will not be long before a railroad is built."—N. Y. Tribune.

The Natural Result.

Bizzieboie (discouragedly)—I did everything in my power to make these two young people see that they were not fitted for each other——

Wyzzere—And when is the wedding to occur?—Baltimore American.

Salt Solution in Human Blood.

It has been shown that more than a gallon of salt solution can be introduced into the blood vessels in the course of an hour without destroying life or occasioning any disease.—Science.

Happy Homes

One of the essentials of the happy homes of to-day is a fund of information as to right living and the best methods of promoting health and happiness. With proper knowledge, each hour of recreation, of enjoyment and of effort may be made to contribute to that end and are of not less value than the using of the most wholesome foods and the selecting of the best medicinal agents when needed. With the well-informed, medicinal agents are used only when nature needs assistance and while the importance of cleansing the system effectually, when bilious or constipated, has long been known, yet until within recent years it was necessary to resort to oils, salts, extracts of roots, barks and other cathartics which were found to be objectionable and to call for constantly increased quantities.

Then physicians having learned that the most excellent laxative and carminative principles were to be found in certain plants, principally in the leaves, the California Fig Syrup Co. discovered a method of obtaining such principles in their purest condition and of presenting them with pleasant and refreshing liquids in the form most acceptable to the system and the remedy became known as—Syrup of Figs—as figs were used, with the plants, in making it, because of their agreeable taste.

This excellent remedy is now rapidly coming into universal use as the best of family laxatives, because it is simple and wholesome and cleanses and sweetens the system effectually without disturbing the natural functions and without unpleasant after effects and its use may be discontinued when it is no longer required.

All who would enjoy good health and its blessings should remember that it is the one remedy which physicians and parents well-informed approve and recommend and use and which they and their little ones alike enjoy, because of its pleasant flavor, its gentle action and its beneficial effects.

Syrup of Figs is for sale by all reliable druggists, at the regular price of fifty cents per bottle, in original packages only, having the name of the remedy—Syrup of Figs—and the full name of the Company—California Fig Syrup Co.—printed on the front of every package.

CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO.

Louisville, Ky. San Francisco, Cal. New York, N. Y.

An Adjustable Limit.

It was a Maine girl of whom the story is told that she refused to marry a most devoted lover until he had amassed a fortune of $10,000. After some expostulation he accepted the decree and went to work. About three months after this the vivacious young lady, meeting her lover, asked:

"Well, Charley, how are you getting along?"

"Oh, very well, indeed," Charley returned, eagerly. "I've saved $18."

The young lady blushed and looked down at the toes of her walking boots, and stabbed the inoffensive earth with the point of her parasol. "I guess," she said faintly, "I guess, Charley, that's about near enough."—Philadelphia Public Ledger.

Nothing jars an invalid more than to wake up in the morning feeling splendidly and then suddenly remember that he is sick.—Chicago Daily News.

One Answer for All.

Lancaster, N. Y., Mar. 30th.—Postmaster Remers is still in receipt of many letters asking if his cure has held good.

It will be remembered that some time ago the particulars of Mr. Remers' case were published in these columns. He had been very low with Diabetes. Physicians could do nothing to save him and he grew worse and worse till some one recommended Dodd's Kidney Pills. A treatment of this remedy was begun and when eight boxes had been taken Mr. Remers began to see an improvement, which continued as the treatment proceeded till he was completely restored.

He has since enjoyed perfect health and is as robust and able a man as any in Lancaster. Interviewed the other day he said:

"Many people wrote to me when the story of my case was first printed and some write to me yet asking if the cure was only temporary and if the diabetes has returned. I have only one answer to everybody. Three years ago I was very low with Diabetes. The best physicians failed to help me and Dodd's Kidney Pills cured me. I am well and strong and have not had the slightest return of the old trouble."

Talent is that which is in a man's power.—Lowell.

$3.00 W. L. DOUGLAS $3.50 SHOES UNION MADE

W. L. Douglas makes and sells more men's Goodyear Welt (Hand-Sewed Process) shoes than any other manufacturer in the world.

$25,000 REWARD will be paid to anyone who can disprove this statement.

Because W. L. Douglas is the largest manufacturer he can buy cheaper and produce his shoes at a lower cost than other concerns, which enables him to sell shoes for $3.50 and $3.00 equal in every way to those sold elsewhere for $4 and $5.00.

The Douglas secret process of tanning the bottom soles produces absolutely pure leather; more flexible and will wear longer than any other tannage in the world.

The sales have more than doubled the past four years, which proves its superiority. Why not give W. L. Douglas shoes a trial and save money.

Net Increase from Sales: $2,283,943.21 In Business: $2,821,210.00

Net Increase from Sales: $2,821,210.00 In Business: $2,820,156.79 in Four Years.

A gain of $2,820,156.79 in Four Years.

W. L. DOUGLAS $4.00 GILT EDGE LINE, Worth $6.00 Compared with Other Makes.

The best imported and American leathers, Seal's Patent Calf, Enamel, Box Calf, Calf, Vici Kid, Corona Colt, and Kangaroo. Fast Color Eyelets.

CAUTION: The genuine have W. L. DOUGLAS name and price stamped on bottom. Shoes by mail, 25c. extra. Illus. Catalog free.

W. L. DOUGLAS, BROCKTON, MASS.

I CAN'T RUB IT OUT TOUCH the man who wears SAWYER'S EXCELSIOR BRAND Suits and Slickers

Warranted waterproof. Made to stand hard work and much weather. Look for trade mark. If your dealer doesn't have them, send for catalogue to H. M. SAWYER & SON, Sole Mfrs., East Cambridge, Mass.

WE WANT YOUR TRADE

You can buy of us at wholesale prices and save money. Our 1,000-page catalogue tells the story. We will send it upon receipt of 15 cents. Your neighbors trade with us—why not you?

Montgomery Ward & Co. CHICAGO

The house that tells the truth.

ECZEMA

Psoriasis, Scalled Head, Milk Crust, Tetter, Ringworm, etc.

Speedily, Permanently and Economically Cured, when All Else Fails, by

Cuticura

The agonizing, itching, and burning of the skin, as in eczema; the frightful scaling, as in psoriasis; the loss of hair, and crusting of the scalp, as in scalled head; the facial disfigurements, as in pimples and ringworm; the awful suffering of infants, and anxiety of worn-out parents, as in milk crust, tetter and salt rheum,—all demand a remedy of almost superhuman virtues to successfully cope with them. That Cuticura Soap, Ointment, and Resolvent are such stands proven beyond all doubt. No statement is made regarding them that is not justified by the strongest evidence. The purity and sweetness, the power to afford immediate relief, the certainty of speedy and permanent cure, the absolute safety and great economy have made them the standard skin cures, blood purifiers and humour remedies of the civilized world.

Complete External and Internal Treatment

Bathe the affected parts with hot water and Cuticura Soap, to cleanse the surface of crusts and scales, and soften the thickened cuticle. Dry, without hard rubbing, and apply Cuticura Ointment freely, to allay itching, irritation, and inflammation, and soothe and heal, and, lastly, take Cuticura Resolvent to cool and cleanse the blood. This complete treatment affords instant relief, permits rest and sleep in the severest forms of eczema and other itching, burning, and scaly humours of the skin, scalp and blood, and points to a speedy, permanent and economical cure when all other remedies and the best physicians fail. As evidence of the wonderful curative properties of Cuticura Remedies and of their world-wide sale, we quote from

The Hon. Mr. Justice Finnemore's Letter.

"I desire to give my voluntary testimony to the beneficial effects of your Cuticura Remedies. I have suffered for some time from an excess of uric acid in the blood; and since the middle of last year, from a severe attack of Eczema, chiefly on the scalp, face, ears and neck, and on one limb. I was for several months under professional treatment, but the remedies prescribed were of no avail, and I was gradually becoming worse, my face was dreadfully disfigured, and I lost nearly all my hair. At last, my wife prevailed upon me to try the Cuticura Remedies, and I gave them a thorough trial with the most satisfactory results. The disease soon began to disappear, and my hair commenced to grow again. A fresh growth of hair is covering my head, and my limb (although not yet quite cured) is gradually improving. My wife thinks so highly of your remedies that she has been purchasing them in order to make presents to other persons suffering from similar complaints, and, as President of the Bible Women's Society, has told the Bible women to report if any case should come under her notice when a poor person is so afflicted, so that your remedies may be resorted to."

ROBERT ISAAC FINNEMORE,
Judge of the Natal Supreme Court.

Pietermaritzburg, Natal, Oct. 23, 1901.

CUTICURA REMEDIES are sold throughout the civilized world. PRICES: Cuticura Resolvent, 50c. per bottle (in the form of Chocolate Coated Pills, 25c. per vial of 20); Cuticura Ointment, 50c. per box, and Cuticura Soap, 25c. per tablet. Send for the great work, "Humours of the Blood, Skin, and Scalp, and How to Cure Them," 64 pages, 500 Diseases, with Illustrations, Testimonials and Directions in all languages, including Japanese and Chinese. British Depot, 27-32 Charterhouse Sq., London, E.C. French Depot, 5 Rue de la Paix, Paris. Australian Depot, R. Towns & Co., Sydney. POTTER DRUG AND CHEMICAL CORPORATION, Sole Proprietors, Boston, U. S. A.

WANTED
PRICKLY ASH BARK
ADDRESS
ALLAIRE, WOODWARD & CO.,
PEORIA, ILLINOIS.

POTATOES $2.50 a Bbl.

Largest growers of Seed Potatoes in America. The "Rural New Yorker" gives seizer's list by 10 leading seedsmen, 9 of 11 in 1900. Prices dirt cheap. Mammoth seed barn has capacity of 75,000 bu. Spelts, Macaroni Wheat, $1.50 per bu. Giant Clover, etc. Seed Catalog of 196 pages free.

JOHN A. SALZER SEED CO. La Crosse, Wis.

The Tragedy of Toto

By ELLIS PARKER EUTLER

WHEN Kubelefsky had visited every part of the ship and convinced himself that it had been deserted, and that only Toto remained to keep him company, he seated himself on one of the steamer chairs that had not been swept overboard during the gale and gazed out over the sea.

"It is bad, bad!" he said, more to himself than to Toto, and then his irrepressible optimism asserted itself, and he added: "But things are not as bad as they might be."

It was indeed bad. To be adrift in mid-Atlantic on an abandoned steamer. It was terrible! It was donnerblitzlich! And the ship all mussed up and broken by the storm! But on the other hand, there were endless quantities of food, the ship did not seem to be sinking, there was still Toto, and there was still his violin.

Things were really not as bad as they might be.

All the world knew Kubelefsky, the magician of the violin. All America remembers his hair, his art, his eccentricities, his triumphs, and his Toto. His tour was one grand ovation, one round of teams, cheers and kisses. Musical womanhood knelt in rapture before his hair, throbbed with his art, but, above all, talked about his Toto. But every genius has his eccentricities, and Kubelefsky would not be Kubelefsky without his Toto. Some said he affected Toto for her advertising value, but we who knew him best did him no such injustice. He loved her. He loved her only as those great souls that are set high above the world by their surpassing genius can love that which is lowly and soulless and animal.

How Kubelefsky and Toto happened to be overlooked when the ship was abandoned I cannot pretend to say. Kubelefsky had been unutterably sick; sick as only the great genius can be, and as he always was when the sea was rough, and they may have left him, thinking him dead. But Toto had not been seasick. She was a splendid sailor. All cats are.

Yes, Toto was a cat; but she was more than a cat, she was a friend, a companion, almost a lover, and in the weary weeks that followed the storm she was Kubelefsky's refuge from solitude. She was his audience, his plaudit, his appreciator, and appreciation is demanded by genius. Genius lives on appreciation. For weeks, as the derelict floated on the summer sea, Kubelefsky lived on Toto's appreciation and canned goods. It is such occasions as these that bring out the noblest qualities. They are, as the advertisements of certain liniments say, "good for man and beast."

Things were truly not as bad as they might be. Kubelefsky had his violin and he had Toto, and he drew great solace from each. When he pressed his chin against the vibrant wood of the violin and drew the living bow over its speaking strings, he forgot the world in an ecstasy of joy, and when he glanced down at Toto, sitting sedately and watching his eyes for the smallest token of love, his soul was filled with contentment.

They had always been good friends, had Toto and Kubelefsky, but they become more than that as week followed week. In all his walkings to and fro she followed at his heels, and when he paused she would rub against his shins and purr with delight. He talked to her as one would talk to a sweetheart. He fondled her, and held her in his arms, and when he was weary after playing a difficult rhapsody, he would bury his hot face in her soft fur and gain new strength.

Sometimes he would vainly speculate whether he loved his violin or Toto the better, but he quickly put such thoughts aside, for why should he think of distressing possibilities? He lived for his violin, but Toto lived for him.

It was an old companionship, these three: Toto, with her dove-colored coat, the violin, in its rich reddish brown, and Kubelefsky, with long raven locks. These three alone in the midst of the boundless, desolate ocean.

It was the 15th of August that the first break came to mar the happiness of the trio, and it was a violin string that broke. As the sickening "snap" of the string interrupted the obligato that Kubelefsky was executing, he paused and tears rolled down his cheeks.

"Poor thing! Poor thing!" he murmured, as he stroked the mutilated violin, and Toto, seeing his grief, came and laid her head gently on his foot.

"Thanks, Toto, sweetheart," he said, "you teach me to endure to be brave, to be a man," and he dashed aside the tears.

It was soul-trying to play with one string missing, but Kubelefsky was a wizard, and none but he would have known the loss, so sweet were the tones he drew from the remaining strings. But the loss had taught him a lesson, and he used the violin less and gave Toto more attention.

But why should I prolong this tale, or render it one anguish long drawn out? It is pleasant, I admit, to tell of this trinity of dependence and love, but my heart is pained as I write, for I cannot forget the sadness of the climax, and I must hasten on.

One by one the strings of Kubelefsky's violin snapped, and each catastrophe seemed like a snapping of his heart string. When but one string was left he confined his violin exercises to a few short minutes each evening, playing the "Carnival of Venice," without variations, as arranged for one string by Bounod. It was not much, but it was something, and without his violin Kubelefsky would have been lost.

And then one evening the last string broke!

The moon was nearing the western horizon, and dark clouds were crowding up from the east, but a flood of silver light still suffused the sea and the ship. Kubelefsky was leaning with his back against a funnel, and Toto was sitting in the steamer chair.

When the last string snapped, Kubelefsky let his hands fall to his side, and a depth of woe and horror passed over his face so great that Toto, knowing something was amiss, sprang from her chair and ran to him, mewing piteously.

As the first paroxysms of his grief passed, Kubelefsky burst into tears, and, bending down, seized Toto and pressed her to his heart and walked back and forth.

"You are my all now, Toto," he cried, "my last hope, my only friend! You will not desert me, sweetheart. You will not fail me. In you I can trust."

His cries were more like those of one seeking assurance than of one speaking a fact, and Toto licked his hand and put a soft paw against his cheek and sought in every way a cat can to reassure him, and this gave him great comfort. Presently he became quieter and seated himself, while Toto lay in her customary place on his lap he fondled his mute violin as a mother might fondle her dead babe.

Occasionally a tear would well in his eye, but he would dash it aside, crying:

"No! I will be brave! I have my Toto."

Again he would sway his body to and fro, crying:

"My poor violin! My poor Strad! So dead, so silent! Oh, I am bereft, I am undone!"

Thus he passed the night, without sleep, and all the next day he walked the deck constantly. He would not allow Toto out of his sight an instant. As the evening drew near he became even more restless, and when the hour arrived at which he was wont to play his daily "carnival," he fell under a cloud of melancholy. The longing to hear the voice of his violin rent him in a thousand ways. He craved it as an opium eater craves the drug, as a drinker craves alcohol. His nerves were unstrung, his hands trembled.

"And this!" he cried. "All this because I have not one poor little string, one piece of cat—"

He did not complete the word, for his eye fell upon Toto sitting at his feet gazing up at him with trustful, confiding eyes. Did she tremble as he began the word, or was it his imagination that deceived him? He tried to put aside the thought that had flashed across his mind. He struggled with himself. But a power greater than himself seemed to urge him on. His poor, mute violin seemed to cry out to him. His fingers seemed to plead for the touch of the strings. All the musician, all the artist, urged him on. But when he glanced at Toto—his friend, his companion, his sweetheart—he paused.

It was midnight before the struggle was ended, and through it all Toto sat patiently at his feet in perfect trustfulness, purring a love song. When at last he moved his body swayed and he staggered like one drunk with wine, and for the first time he shut Toto out as he entered the cabin. When he came on deck again he carried a bottle in his hand, and the label bore the legend, "Chloroform!"

Toto had wandered away, but as Kubelefsky's foot touched the deck she came running toward him.

"Come, Toto," he said. They entered the dark cabin together, and he closed the door.—N. Y. Times.

JUST PLAY.

Come on and bring your blocks, and build
them up;
And bring just all your playthings, Eyes-o'-Blue;
Bring "Wags" and "Nigger Baby" and
your cup,
And ev'rything: and right down here with
you
I'm going to sprawl right out and roll and
play,
And build your blocks to a high pyramid;
Now, this ain't peek-a-boo, it's not, I say:
Now where has that wee mischief gone
and hid?

Where can she be? Well, now! she isn't
there!
And not behind the curtains—I don't
see—
Oh! peek-a-boo! I see you—I declare!
Just sitting right down here plain as
could be!
But, with your hand before your eyes like
that,
How could I see you? I should like to
know!
Now let's take "Wags" in "Nigger Baby's"
hat,
And perch her on the blocks; there now,
just so!

Now, isn't that a picture? Cheops did
No work to equal that, now, I'll be bound,
When he erected his great pyramid,
Which sits to-day on rods and rods of
ground,
And isn't even good to make a shade;
It's most too pyramiddy, don't you see?
While this—the pyramid that we have
made—
Is made for you to wreck with shrieks
of glee!

That's right; get on my foot; and we will
ride
Swift giddap around a fancied track;
What's that? You're hid again? Why, I
espied
You here just now! Oh, Blue-Eyes, please
come back!
Come back to dad, or else he's going to
cry!
Boo-hoo! boo-hoo! You've gone away so
far
That I'm so lonesome I could almost die—
What's that? Why there, you little rascal!
there you are!
—J. M. Lewis, in Houston Post.

Mr. Helleau Finds Telephones.

M. Paul Helleau, a French exquisite who has recently been "doing" New York, was asked when he returned to that dear Paris the other day how he liked the American metropolis. "Ah a bas New York!" he cried, with a shrug of disgust. "Nossing but telephonitis in ze air." But, says the Chicago Record-Herald, it was perhaps only natural that M. Helleau should have found the telephone especially in evidence.

First Artificial Butter.

The first artificial butter was "margarine" made in Poissy, France, in 1869. It was made from the fat of the loins and kidneys of cattle, which, when melted, is sometimes called "oleo oil." This oil, tallow, lard, olive and cottonseed oil are used, combined with dairy butter, in making the various butterines. Cocoanut butter is largely used in northern Europe.

Skepticism.

The unscientific mind, says the Chicago Tribune, refuses to believe that the secret of life ever will be discovered with the microscope.

Ten young men in Coudersport, Pa., have taken an oath to marry before January 1, 1901.

CHILDLESS MOTHERS.

They Have Lost from Out Their Lives Something That Cannot Be Told in Words.

The wife who has passed her many years of married life in childless motherhood has lost from out that life a greatness and pleasure that she may not have realized at first, but that is brought home to her with redoubled force and meaning when she has passed the zenith of youth and is coming to understand that life is not perpetual youth.

Keen anxiety and sorrow she may have missed, also. Yet it is also true that "it were better to have loved and lost than never to have loved at all." The childless mother has not known the depths of degradation to which a child can bring its parents, nor yet has she known the most exquisite love and bliss. Neither has she known the anguish of the sting of death, when her fondest hopes have been laid low. She has escaped great care and responsibility, but she has lost from her life in her unalloyed joy more than she has escaped of sorrow.

The mother love is an elemental part of a true and womanly character, and that it is a part of her intended nature is abundantly proven. The woman who openly declares herself to have never felt the tender, uplifting sentiment of such love, at that moment admits herself lacking in many a womanly quality of heart and being. Her heart is not the tender, sympathetic organ that every woman's heart is supposed to be. The childless woman who can look unmoved upon a mother and her devoted son, without a pang of envy, or in other than a spirit of deepest admiration, is a woman whom it is well has been denied the right of motherhood. But, fortunately for the world, such women are few, though childless homes are many.—N. Y. Weekly.

THE RICHEST HEIRESS.

Miss Bertha Krupp Owns Gilt-Edge Stock Worth Seventy-Five Million Dollars.

Most of the shares in the recently organized Krupp Gun Works (Limited) Liability company are held by Fraulein Bertha Krupp.

This makes her easily the richest girl in the world and one of its richest individuals.

Naturally there is great interest felt in her personality, but she is most retiring and greatly dislikes notoriety, and cares little or nothing for society.

MISS BERTHA KRUPP.

Few outside of her personal circle of friends know her or have even seen her. She finds her favorite recreation in study and the cultivation of flowers.

Of this last pursuit she is passionately devoted and has originated two varieties of carnations. Her collection of orchids is said to be the finest in the world.

NEVER VICTIMS OF CUPID.

There Are More Bachelors Than Old Maids in the Census Enumeration.

It is estimated that there are now in the United States 2,500,000 more single men of marriageable age than there are single women, the official figures being as follows: Unmarried men, 10,448,153; unmarried girls and women, 7,573,519. The male population of the United States, through the excess of male immigration and the higher male birth rate, is more than 1,000,000 in excess of the female. The span of life is on the average, longer for a woman than for a man and the marriageable age for women is several years younger than the average for men. As a consequence of this the number of widows is very largely in excess of the number of widowers, the figures being 2,700,000 and 1,200,000 respectively, says the San Francisco Argonaut.

There are more divorced women who have not remarried than there are divorced men, and for all these reasons the number of the single men of marriageable age is larger than the number of single women. In New York it is 240,000, in Pennsylvania 180,000, in Ohio 120,000, in Illinois 200,000, in California 150,000, in Texas 150,000 and in Kansas 75,000. In Massachusetts the number of unmarried men exceeds the number of unmarried women by only a few thousand. In Utah there are 25,000 unmarried men and 23,000 unmarried women of marriageable age. In Washington, the capital, the number of single men is 42,000 and of single women about the same.

Buttermilk in Medicine.

Sour buttermilk has been given with benefit in the vomiting of Bright's disease. Sour milk has been found a useful food in dyspepsia due to deficient gastric secretion. Its utility is due to lactic acid. Whey is very laxative, hence its value in constipation.

Ma's Pudding.

One quart milk, heat one pint of it to boiling, stir in one cup Indian meal until thick, add one cup molasses, one tablespoon flour, salt, nutmeg and ginger, a little of each; now add the pint of cold milk, bake one and one-half hours.—Boston Globe.

GIRLS IN MAORILAND.

Missionaries Have Done Much Toward Developing Their Independence and Self-Respect.

One hears a good deal about the stalwart native of New Zealand, whose broad chest, frank, open face and muscular arms are a delight to the intrepid traveler who goes into the bush in search of butterflies. Little, however, is said of the fairer beauty who hides her charms in the solitude of her pah whilst her brother stalks about, in all his manly strength, waiting for the meal he knows will be prepared for him on his return.

Maori girls, from their earliest appearance in the world, are brought up with strict ideas concerning their domestic and other duties, also their duty towards man—the greater and necessarily the more intelligent creature. With such good training, they grow up with an unbounded respect

A BELLE OF MAORILAND.

for man. It is no idle, dreamy interest which they take in him, but an active, lively one—they work for him.

Until quite recently the Maori woman did the majority of the manual labor of a pah, such as food growing, sheep and cattle rearing, timber getting, and other necessary jobs. This enabled the male to ramble at his leisure, to pick quarrels with and fight his enemies. The women of old even went so far as to assist in battle when they feared the men were getting the worst of it.

The march of time and civilization has, however, altered things considerably. The Maori woman of to-day, like her European sister, has what she calls her "rights," and man, unless eligible, lies neglected and uncared for, whilst the charms of his sisters are sung in the pahs and lauded in the bush. The beautiful, thick, raven locks of the Maori girl, her dark, flashing eyes, and firm, well-rounded limbs are well illustrated in the accompanying photographs.

Free from the bonds of convention, this native beauty grows up full of a wild grace and fearless temperament. She rides, shoots, hunts, makes love, and attends to her toilet in much the same way as any other woman; but she has a peculiar and natural charm that fascinates beyond all the studied wiles of her fairer sisters. The soft, even tones of her voice are enough in themselves to win the admiration of any man, and, combined with her charming manner and the interest she takes in everything around and about her, easily account for her success in life. The pretty Maori girl is now a much sought after individual. At a country dance or party she lacks no partners; her only trouble is in making up her mind which to choose. The even step and rhythmic swing of her dancing make the white girl's chance of partners poor.

Kissing, as we know it, brings no blush to the maiden's cheek, nor would she thank her brave were he to greet her with the soft kiss of European fame. Nose rubbing is their form of salutation, and when two friends meet they hold each other by their hands, bend their heads until their noses touch, and then rub them gently from side to side. This form of greeting is not confined to women, but is practiced by the men; they seldom meet without rubbing noses.

In times of lamentation the Maori women will sit for hours with their noses touching and moan for the loss of some chief whom they have in all probability never seen. The loss of a brother or friend is enough to start them off for days, all moaning and howling piteously. They are essentially a sympathetic race, and the sorrows of one are the sorrows of all. But, in spite of these peculiarities, the Maori woman is a splendid creature, and many a white man has found an excellent wife amongst them. Marriage, to them, is a solemn obligation, and, though there is practically no ceremony attached to it, when the chief of their tribe has given a maiden to her lover she is bound to him for all time. Immorality amongst them is rare, and though their code of honor and rectitude is crude it is strictly adhered to.

Many of the early beauties disfigured their faces by tatooing the lower lip and chin; but now that custom has completely died out, and no blemish mars the clear complexions of these dusky beauties.

How to Drink Water.

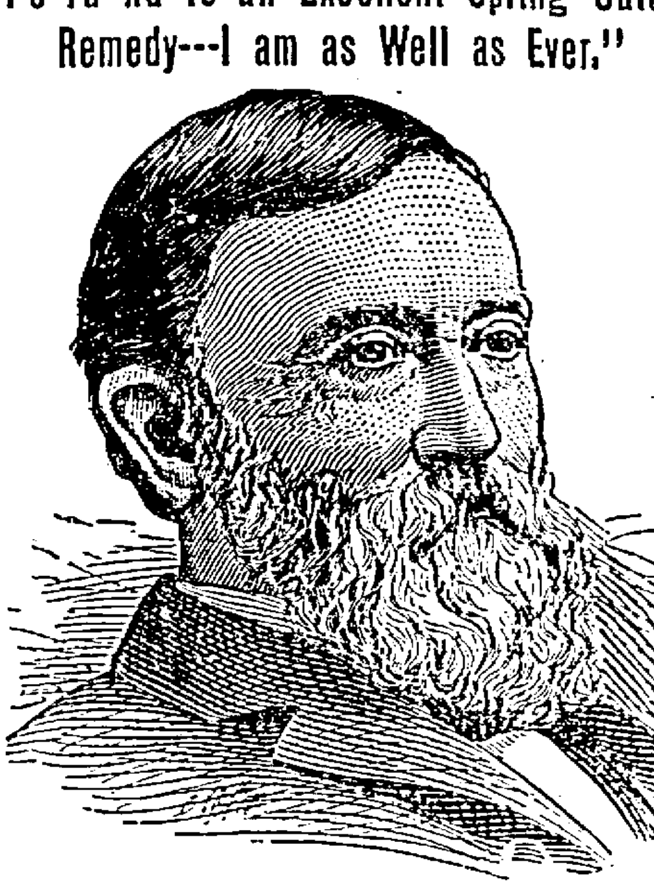
A beginning of kidney trouble lies in the fact that people, especially women, do not drink enough water. They pour down tumblerfuls of ice water as an accompaniment to a meal, but that is worse than no water, the chill preventing digestion, and indigestion being an indirect promoter of kidney disease, says Good Housekeeping. A tumbler of water sipped in the morning immediately on rising, another at night, are recommended by physicians. Try to drink as little water as possible with meals, but take a glassful half an hour to an hour before eating. This rule persisted in day after day, month after month, the complexion will improve, and the general health likewise. Water drunk with meals should be sipped, as well as taken sparingly.

The Rash of Measles.

The rash of true measles consists of spots and elevations. That of scarlet fever is made up of minute red points closely packed. The rash of German measles exhibits small red spots, without papules, and in appearance quite distinct from anything seen either in measles or scarlet fever. The eruption remains for two or three days.

DAN GROSVENOR SAYS:

"Pe-ru-na is an Excellent Spring Catarrh Remedy---I am as Well as Ever."



HON. DAN. A. GROSVENOR, OF THE FAMOUS OHIO FAMILY.

Hon. Dan. A. Grosvenor, Deputy Auditor for the War Department, in a letter written from Washington, D. C., says:

"Allow me to express my gratitude to you for the benefit derived from one bottle of Peruna. One week has brought wonderful changes and I am now as well as ever. Besides being one of the very best spring tonics it is an excellent catarrh remedy."—

DAN. A. GROSVENOR.

In a recent letter he says:

"I consider Peruna really more meritorious than I did when I wrote you last. I receive numerous letters from acquaintances all over the country asking me if my certificate is genuine. I invariably answer, yes."—Dan. A. Grosvenor.

A County Commissioner's Letter.

Hon. John Williams, County Commissioner, of 517 West Second street, Duluth, Minn., says the following in regard to Peruna:

"As a remedy for catarrh I can cheerfully recommend Peruna. I know what it is to suffer from that terrible disease and I feel that it is my duty to speak a good word for the tonic that brought me immediate relief. Peruna cured me of a bad case of catarrh and I know it will cure any other sufferer from that disease."—John Williams.

A Congressman's Letter.

Hon. H. W. Ogden, Congressman from Louisiana, in a letter written at Washington, D. C., says the following of Peruna, the national catarrh remedy:

"I can conscientiously recommend your Peruna as a fine tonic and all around good medicine to those who are in need of a catarrh remedy. It has been commended to me by people who have used it, as a remedy particularly effective in the cure of catarrh. For those who need a good catarrh medicine I know of nothing better."—H. W. Ogden.

W. E. Griffith, Concan, Texas, writes: "I suffered with chronic catarrh for many years. I took Peruna and it completely cured me. I think Peruna is the best medicine in the world for catarrh. My general health is much improved by its use, as I am much stronger than I have been for years."—W. E. Griffith.

A Congressman's Letter.

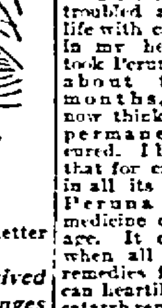
Congressman H. Bowen, Ruskin, Tazewell county, Va., writes:

"I can cheerfully recommend your valuable remedy, Peruna, to any one who is suffering with catarrh, and who is in need of a permanent and effective cure."—H. Bowen.

Mr. Fred. D. Scott, Larne, Ohio, Right Guard of Hiram Foot Ball Team, writes: "As a specific for lung trouble I place Peruna at the head. I have used it myself for colds and catarrh of the bowels and it is a splendid remedy. It restores vitality, increases bodily strength and makes a sick person well in a short time. I give Peruna my hearty indorsement." —Fred. D. Scott.

Gen. Ira C. Abbott, 906 M street, N.W., Washington, D. C., writes: "I am fully convinced that your remedy is an excellent tonic. Many of my friends have used it with the most beneficial results for coughs, colds and catarrhal trouble."—Ira C. Abbott.

Mrs. Elmer Fleming, orator of Reservoir Council No. 168, Northwestern Legion of Honor, of Minneapolis, Minn., writes from 2523 Polk street, N. E.:



Mrs. Elmer Fleming, Minneapolis, Minn.

"I have been troubled all my life with catarrh in my head. I took Peruna for about three months, and now think I am permanently cured. I believe that for catarrh in all its forms Peruna is the medicine of the age. It cures when all other remedies fail. I can heartily recommend Peruna as a catarrh remedy."—Mrs. Elmer Fleming.

Treat Catarrh in Spring.

The spring is the time to treat catarrh. Cold, wet winter weather often retards a cure of catarrh. If a course of Peruna is taken during the early spring months the cure will be prompt and permanent. There can be no failures if Peruna is taken intelligently during the favorable weather of spring.

As a systemic catarrh remedy Peruna eradicates catarrh from the system wherever it may be located. It cures catarrh of the stomach or bowels with the same certainty as catarrh of the head.

If you do not derive prompt and satisfactory results from the use of Peruna, write at once to Dr. Hartman, giving a full statement of your case and he will be pleased to give you his valuable advice gratis.

Address Dr. Hartman, President of The Hartman Sanitarium, Columbus, Ohio.

Keeping the Average.

Miss Jones—Did you shoot anything, Mr. Bates?

Mr. Bates (hesitatingly)—Yes—er—er—a brace of ducks.

"Wild?"

"Er—er—no, but the farmer was."—Stray Stories.

"Did you give that woman two good eggs for her five cents?" asked the corner grocer of the new boy. "I did, sir." "You're discharged. You should have sold her two bum eggs, so that she'd come back to kick and give me a chance to sell her a porterhouse steak."—Baltimore News.

This Will Interest Mothers.

Mother Gray's Sweet Powders for Children, used by Mother Gray, a nurse in Children's Home, New York, cure Feverishness, Teething disorders, Stomach troubles, destroy worms. All Druggists, 25c. Sample FREE. Address A. S. Olmsted, Le Roy, N. Y.

Ascum—"Twins at your house, eh? I'll bet they're pretty boisterous." Nupop—"Partly so. One of them is goisterous."—Philadelphia Press.

I am sure Piso's Cure for Consumption saved my life three years ago.—Mrs. Thos. Robbins, Norwich, N. Y., Feb. 17, 1900.

The safest principle through life, instead of reforming others, is to set about perfecting yourself.—Haydon.

To Cure a Cold in One Day

Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund money if it fails to cure. 25c

Proper respect for some persons is best preserved by avoiding their neighborhood.—George Wm. Curtis.

Explosions of Coughing are stopped by Hale's Honey of Horehound and Tar. Pike's Toothache Drops Cure in one minute.

The braggart deceives no one but himself. —Ram's Horn.

Jane Tiet Butter Color makes top of the market butter.

A gent is an abbreviated gentleman.—Chicago Journal.

The Best Way to Teach History.

The idea of object teaching, the foundation of the Froebel system of instruction, has in recent years met with general acceptance and adoption in almost every branch of education, high and low, with resultant benefits which are beyond question. Even such subjects as grammar and arithmetic are now taught in this way so far as practicable, and with marked advantage over the old dry and abstract method. The practice of teaching history by making pilgrimages to the very scenes where great historical events have occurred is an application of the same principle and much more valuable in the way of impressing the reality of history upon the minds of the young than any amount of mere text-book instruction could be. A recent issue of the "Four-Track Series," published by the New York Central management, gives a description of the historical sites in the immediate vicinity of New York, which will be of exceeding value for the guidance of teachers and others who desire to adopt this method of historical study. One of the best ways to develop civic pride and promote good citizenship lies in this very direction, an increase of knowledge of local history being accompanied with an increase of interest in matters of local government and a higher concern for what affects the welfare and good name of the community.—From Leslie's Weekly.

The old gentleman steadily regarded him. "Well," he said, "It is evident that my daughter did not pick you out for your personal attractions. Hence I must conclude that you have some practical points that are of value. Take her, my boy, she's yours."—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

With a Few Dollars

to invest, the farmer or artisan desirous of changing his location should investigate conditions in Missouri, Kansas, Indian Territory, Oklahoma and Texas. "Business Chances," and other interesting books telling of the prosperity and progress in the Great Southwest, free. Address "KATY," 524 Wainwright Bldg., St. Louis, Mo. Low Colonist Excursions from the North on the first and third Tuesdays of each month.

Manager—"I am getting up a show that will make a tremendous hit." Friend—"Real rainstorm, real sawmill, etc., I suppose?" Manager—"No; real actors."—Pittsburg Chronicle-Telegraph.

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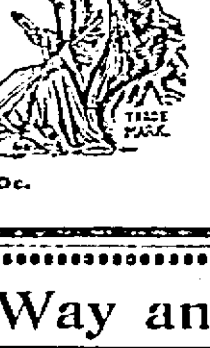
continues to be the sure cure of

Rheumatism and Neuralgia



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NORTHERN PACIFIC RAILWAY

One-way colonist tickets on sale until June 30th. Round-trip homeseekers' tickets will be sold the first and third Tuesdays of April, May and June.

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WESTERN CANADA HAS FREE HOMES FOR MILLIONS.

FARMS WESTERN CANADA FREE

Upwards of 100,000 Americans have settled in Western Canada during the past 3 years. They are CONTENTED, HAPPY, AND PROSPEROUS, and there is room still for MILLIONS.

Wonderful yields of wheat and other grains. The best grazing lands on the continent. Magnificent climate; plenty of water and fuel; good schools, excellent churches; splendid railway facilities.

HOMESTEAD LANDS of 160 Acres FREE, the only charge being $10 for entry.

Send to the following for an Atlas and other literature, as well as for certificate giving you reduced railway rates, etc.: Superintendent of Immigration, Ottawa, Canada, or E. T. Holmes, 315 Jackson Street, St. Paul, Minn.; T. O. Currie, Callahan Bldg., Milwaukee, Wis.; W. H. Rogers, Box 116, Watertown, So. Dakota; C. Pilling, Grand Forks, North Dakota; J. M. MacLachlan, 2-7 Third St., Wausau, Wis.; authorized Canadian Government Agents.

FREE TO WOMEN

PAXTINE TOILET ANTISEPTIC

To prove the healing and cleansing power of Paxtine Toilet Antiseptic we will mail a large trial package with book of instructions absolutely free. This is not a tiny sample, but a large package, enough to convince anyone of its value. Women all over the country are praising Paxtine for what it has done in local treatment of female ills, curing all inflammation and discharges, wonderful as a cleansing vaginal douche, for sore throat, nasal catarrh, as a mouth wash, and to remove tartar and whiten the teeth. Send to-day; a postal card will do.

Sold by druggists or sent postpaid by us, 50 cents, large box. Satisfaction guaranteed. THE R. PAXTON CO., 201 Columbus Av., Boston, Mass.

SOMETHING FOR SICK WOMEN

Address North Chemical Co. PEORIA, ILLINOIS.

Cascarets CANDY CATHARTIC

10c 25c 50c. BEST FOR THE BOWELS. All Druggists

Genuine stamped C C C. Never sold in bulk. Beware of the dealer who tries to sell "something just as good."

PILES ANAKESIS gives instant relief and POSITIVELY CURES PILES. For free sample address "ANAKESIS," Tribune building, New York.

HOMEOPATHIC medicines, fresh and active, prepaid to any part of the U. S. FREE SAMPLE of Digestive, Headache or Liver Tablets, and valuable 128-page Medical Guide sent free. Agents Wanted. HALSEY BROS. CO., Chicago, 62 Wabash Ave., Chicago.

A. N. K.—G 1903

WHEN WRITING TO ADVERTISERS please state that you saw the Advertisement in this paper.

PISO'S CURE FOR CURES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS. Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use in time. Sold by druggists. CONSUMPTION

ELECTION NOTICE.

OFFICE OF THE CITY CLERK, RHINELANDER, WIS., MARCH 24TH, 1903.

TO THE ELECTORS OF THE CITY OF RHINELANDER.

Notice is hereby given that a judicial and city election, is to be held in the several wards and election precincts in the city of Rhinelander on the 7th day of April 1903 at which the officers named below are to be chosen. The name of the candidate for each office to be voted for, whose nominations have been certified to this office, are given opposite the title of the office and under the appropriate party or other designation, each in its proper column, and the questions submitted to a vote are stated below.

INFORMATION TO VOTERS

The following instructions are given for the information and guidance of voters: A voter upon entering the polling place and giving his name and residence, will receive a ballot from the ballot clerk which must have endorsed thereon the names or initials of both ballot clerks, and no other ballot can be used. Upon receiving his ballot, the voter must retire alone to a booth or compartment and prepare the same for voting. A ballot clerk may inform the voter as to the proper manner of marking a ballot, but he must not advise or indicate in any manner whom to vote for. The voter if he wishes to vote for all the candidates nominated by any party should make a cross mark X under the party designation printed at the top of the ballot in the circle made for that purpose. A ballot so marked, and having no other mark, will be counted for all the candidates of that party in the column underneath, unless the names of some of the candidates of the party have been erased or a cross mark be placed in the square under the name or at any place in the space occupied by the name or names of candidates in another column, and will be counted for any name written in lieu of one erased. If the voter wishes to vote for one of the candidates of different political parties he should make a cross mark under the name of each candite he desires to vote for, or at any place within the space in which the name is printed. If he wishes to vote for a person for a certain office whose name is not on the ballot, he must write the name in the blank space under the printed name of the candidate for the office. The ballot should not be marked in any other manner. If the ballot be spoiled it must be returned to the ballot clerk, who must issue another in its stead, but not more than three in all to any one voter. Five minutes' time is allowed in booth to mark ballot. Unofficial ballots or memorandum to assist the voter in marking his ballot can be taken into the booth, and may be used to copy from. The ballot must not be shown so that any person can see how it has been marked by the voter. After it is marked it should be folded so that the inside cannot be seen. But so that the printed indorsements and signatures of the ballot clerks on the outside may be seen. Then the voters should pass out of the booth or compartment, give his name to the inspector in charge of the ballot box, hand him his ballot to be placed in the box, and pass out of the voting place. A voter who declares to the presiding officer that he is unable to read, or that by reason of physical disability he is unable to mark his ballot, can have assistance of one or two election officers in marking the same, to be chosen by the voters; and if he declares that he is totally blind, he may be assisted by any person chosen by him from among the legal voters of the county. The presiding officer may administer an oath in his discretion, as to such person's disability. The party designations and candidates for the different offices, are for example as follows:

		CITIZENS' TICKET.	INDIVIDUAL NOMINATIONS.	INDIVIDUAL NOMINATIONS.
First Ward	Alderman	Andrew Olson	John W. Jones	
	Supervisor		Olaf Goldstrand	
Second Ward	Alderman	Louis Stumpner	Chas Perry	
	Supervisor		F. D. Briggs	Julius Follstad
Third Ward	Alderman	Chas. Crofoot	Peter Didier	
	Supervisor		Casper Faust	Edward B. Crofoot
Fourth Ward	Alderman	W. F. Ball		
	Supervisor		A. W. Brown	
Fifth Ward	Alderman	Henry C. Bock		
	Supervisor		Wm. B. LaSelle	
Sixth Ward	Alderman	W. V. Reed	Chas. E. Guyette	
	Supervisor		Geo. C. Jewell	

The following is the list of polling places:

1st ward—House House No. 2; 2nd—ward Brown Bros. Boarding House; 3rd ward—Taylor's Pop Factory; 4th ward—Hose House No 1; 5th ward—Chafee & LaSelle building opposite Rapids House; 6th ward—Martin building on Pelham street.

The places of voting will be open from 6 o'clock in the morning till 7 o'clock in the evening on the day above mentioned.

GUS. SWEDBURG, City Clerk.

CERTIFICATE OF NOMINATIONS.

Section 23, Chapter 288, Laws of 1893.

STATE OF WISCONSIN, Department of State. } ss.

In compliance with the provisions of section 23. of chapter 288, laws of 1893. I hereby certify that the following are the candidates to be voted for by the electors of your county at the Judicial Election to be held therein on Tuesday, the seventh day of April, A. D. 1903, for whom nomination papers have been duly filed in the office of the Secretary of State as required by law, viz:

For Justice of the Supreme Court.

For the term commencing on the first Monday in January, A. D. 1904.

NAME OF CANDIDATE.	BUSINESS OR VOCATION	RESIDENCE.	PARTY OR POLITICAL PRINCIPLE REPRESENTED.
William Ruger	Lawyer	No. 103 South Bluff St., Janesville, Wisconsin	Non-Partisan Judiciary.
Robert G. Siebecker	Circuit Judge	No. 409 West Wilson St., Madison, Wisconsin	Non-Partisan Judiciary.
J. G. Moritz Wittig	Attorney at Law	No. 252 West Water St., Milwaukee, Wisconsin	Equal Rights to All.

For Judge, Sixteenth Judicial Circuit.

For the term commencing on the first Monday in January, A. D. 1904.

NAME OF CANDIDATE.	BUSINESS OR VOCATION	RESIDENCE.	PARTY OR POLITICAL PRINCIPLE REPRESENTED.
Willis C. Silverthorn	Lawyer (Now Circuit Judge)	No. 222 Grand Ave. Wausau, Marathon Co., Wisconsin	Non-Partisan Judiciary.
Elisha L. Bump	Lawyer	No. 529 Franklin St., Wausau, Marathon Co., Wisconsin	Non-Partisan Judiciary.

And I do hereby further certify that the following is the Amendment to the Constitution to be voted for by the said voters, at said election, as specified in the legislative act filed in this department, and which is hereby certified to you, as provided in Section 58, of said statutes:

Amendment to Section 1, Article 7:

SECTION 1. The chief justice and associate justices of the supreme court shall be severally known as the justices of said court, with the same terms of office of ten years respectively as now provided. The supreme court shall consist of seven justices, any four of whom shall be a quorum, to be elected as now provided, not more than one each year. The justice having been longest a continuous member of said court, or in case two or more such senior justices shall have served for the same length of time, then the one whose commission first expires shall be ex-officio, the chief justice.

SEAL

In Testimony Whereof, I have hereunto set my hand and affixed my official seal at the Capital, in the city of Madison, in said state, this 30th day of March, A. D. 1903.

W. L. HOUSER, Secretary of State.

To the County Clerk, Oneida County Wis.

For Municipal Judge, Oneida County, Wisconsin.

For the term commencing on the first Monday in January, A. D. 1904.

NAME OF CANDIDATE.	BUSINESS OR VOCATION	RESIDENCE.	PARTY OR POLITICAL PRINCIPLE REPRESENTED.
Paul Browne	Lawyer	City of Rhinelander, Atlantic St.	Non-Partisan Judiciary.
Ara P. Bickmire	Lawyer	City of Rhinelander, Davenport, St	Non-Partisan Judiciary.

SEAL

In Testimony Whereof, I have hereunto set my hand and affixed the seal of the County of Oneida, at the Court House in the City of Rhinelander, State of Wisconsin, this 31st day of March, A. D. 1903.

WM. W. CARR, County Clerk.

BUY LAND

—IN—

Oneida County

I have some real bargains in real estate here that I offer on easy terms to parties that desire to clear land for agricultural purposes.

If interested call on or address

PRESCOTT CALKINS,
Rhinelander, Wis.

Homeseekers' Excursions.

Via the North-Western Line. Excursion tickets at greatly reduced rates are on sale to the northwest, west and southwest. Standard and Tourist Sleeping Cars, Free Reclining Chair Cars and "The Best of Everything". For full particulars apply to agents Chicago & North-Western R'y. 41 5-19 A2-16

Cross?

Poor man! He can't help it. It's his liver. He needs a liver pill. Ayer's Pills.

Want your moustache or beard a beautiful brown or rich black? Use

Buckingham's Dye

50 cts. of druggists or R. P. Hall & Co., Nashua, N.H.

F. A. HILDEBRAND,

DEALER IN FURNITURE.

My Stock is Complete and my Prices Reasonable. Your Patronage is solicited.

An expert embalmer and funeral director in readiness at all times. Call before purchasing.

RHINELANDER, - WIS.

We Want a BRIGHT BOY to work after School Hours

Any boy who reads this advertisement can start in business on his own account selling

The Saturday Evening Post

No money required. He can begin next week. Many boys make over $5 a week. Some are making $15.

THE work can be done after school hours and on Saturdays. Write to us at once and we will send full instructions and 10 copies of the magazine free. These are sold at 5 cents a copy and provide the necessary money to order the next week's supply at the wholesale price. $225.00 in cash prizes next month.

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CIVIC SOCIETIES.

RHINELANDER LODGE No. 598, B. P. O. E. Regular meetings first and third Thursdays in each month. Permanent location in new K. O. T. M. rooms, Stevens street.
DR. T. E. WELCH, E. R. C. A. WILSON, Sec.

FLAMBEAU LODGE NO. 73, K. of P. Parker Building, Brown St. Regular Communication every Wednesday.
J. WOTRING, K. of R. and S. WARREN REED, C. C.

LARAWAY TENT 17, K. O. T. M. Rhinelander.
Regular review second and fourth Fridays each month. Visiting Sir Knights welcome.
JOS. MCLAUGHLIN, Com. JNO. GREENWOOD, Record Keeper.

RHINELANDER LODGE, No. 242, F. & A. M. Stapleton Block.
Regular communications First and Third Tuesdays of each month.
D. F. RIEKER, Sec. ALEX. SUTTON, W. M.

RHINELANDER CHAPTER No. 74, R. A. M. Stapleton Block.
Regular communications Second and Fourth Tuesdays of each month.
A. TAYLOR Sec. ALEX. MCRAE, H. P.

LAKE CAMP, No. 3749, M. W. of A. Rhinelander, Wis.
Meetings every Tuesday night. Visitors are cordially invited.
THOS. DUNN, V. C. GEO. JEWELL, Clerk

I. O. F. COURT JUANITA, 1975. Rhinelander, Wis.
Meetings at I. O. O. F. Hall second and fourth Tuesdays of each month.
H. P. MORRILL, C. R. S. R. STONE, R. S.

S. H. & E. F. LODGE. Regular meetings every Tuesday evening in Scandinavian hall on Mason street, north side.
ANDREW OLSON, Sec. HENRY ROMAN, Ord.

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T. B. McINDOE, Physician & Surgeon, Rhinelander, Wis. Office Corner Brown and Davenport Streets

T. R. WELCH, Physician and Surgeon. Office over Dunn & Wood's Hardware Store Rhinelander, Wis.

H. L. GARNER, Physician and Surgeon. Office in Merchants State Bank Building, Rhinelander, Wis.

C. H. O'CONNOR, DENTIST. Office Corner Stevens and Davenport Sts Over Horr's store.

ATTORNEYS.

S. H. ALBAN, Attorney at Law. Collections promptly attended to. Office in Merchants State Bank building

S. S. MILLER, Attorney at Law. Collections sharply looked after. Office over First National Bank

L. J. BILLINGS, Attorney & Counselor. Rhinelander, Wis

A. W. SHELTON, Attorney at Law. Special attention paid to homestead law and contests. Rhinelander

PAUL BROWNE, Attorney at Law. Collections Rhinelander, Wis

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Only First-Class Workmen Employed.

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E. W. Grove

This signature is on every box of the genuine Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets the remedy that cures a cold in one day

Brings Good Health

does Rhinelander beer—was made in purpose to do so. Furthermore, it does more than ounces of drugs to keep you in good health. As a Spring Tonic there's not a remedy in the whole materia medica half as good as Rhinelander beer.

Rhinelander Brewing Co.

BUY UP-TO-DATE TAILOR-MADE GOODS.

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25 pound sacks, 50 pound sacks and 100 pound sacks.

There is no better flour made in the country than BIG JO. A trial will convince you of its worth.

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